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Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

REGD. NO. B. 1063

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL. XX NO. 211 BOMBAY FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1932 PRICE ONE ANNA.

DOOR AGAINST MUTUAL SETTLEMENT IS NOT SHUT

Maulana Shaukat Ali's View Of Premier's Award

MUSLIMS HAVE NO CHOICE BUT TO ACCEPT IT FOR WHAT IT IS WORTH

Decision Made For Benefit Of Officials

NO BITTERNESS IN MY HEART TO THWART DREAM OF UNITED INDIA

In an exclusive interview with Mr. B. G. Horniman Maulana Shaukat Ali expressed his views on the Communal Award.

Though his view is that, in the circumstances, Muslims have no choice but to accept the Award, the Maulana said this did not close the door on an attempt to arrive at a settlement between the communities themselves.

"Is it too late", he asks, "even now to work out an agreed solution based on confidence and goodwill all round. It is really worth while to make the attempt."

The Award would not be accepted without the separation of Sind, nor unless full autonomy, as in granted to the Punjab, the Frontier and Sind.

By B. G. HORNIMAN

Before Maulana Shaukat Ali went to Afghanistan we had a discussion on the communal problem and I had asked him to give me his views on the communal situation for publication. I thought, in view of the expectation of the announcement of the Communal Award, a statement from him regarding the possibilities of bringing about a Conference between communal leaders with a view to anticipating the Award by an understanding arrived at by a heart-to-heart talk would be of deep interest to the public and, perhaps, helpful in bringing about such an understanding.

The Maulana listened to all I had to say and was good enough to tell me that he had read with sympathy suggestions I had made in some of my articles on the subject and was thinking over the matter and would give me his views later.

STILL THERE IS HOPE.

In the interval the Award has been announced and the situation has become more grave, more complicated and in every way more difficult. None-the-less I still feel that there is a solution and that it lies in such a remedy as has been applied before with success, and particularly in Lucknow in 1917, when Muslims and Hindus sat together opened their hearts to one another and finally concluded a pact, which whatever there is to be said about it, brought about a unity which helped as to make tremendous strides towards the goal of India's cherished ambition.

So nothing daunted, feeling rather that the need for a frank statement from the Maulana had been rendered even greater by the developments of the past fortnight, I readily accepted his invitation to see him on his return from Kabul and hear his considered views on the new situation created by the Award.

I am giving below the interview exactly as it occurred and the statement he made in the actual words he used, which were taken down by one of his assistants at his dictation.

RATHER EMBARRASSING

Before I had time to put a question of my own, the Maulana somewhat embarrassed me by immediately dictating the following introduction to his statement, which I reproduce, though with some diffidence, as I have undertaken to omit nothing that he said.

"I promised my dear friend and brother before I went to Afghanistan to give expression to my innermost feeling about the communal question. That interview would have been and is now meant for him and friends like him who are working night and day to bring about a better understanding between the communities and still believe that I have some love left for our Motherland.

"The Communal Award was published while I was away in Afghanistan and I had not read it till to-day when I arrived in Bombay, though I had seen some comments during my journey from Quetta to Bombay and had discussed it with some friends also."

BASED ON SUSPICION.

Here I intervened.

"Will you give me your views Maulana Sahib generally on the Award as a whole and the attitude you think the Muslims should adopt towards it?"

"I cannot at present discuss details but on the broad question I can speak out and invite the attention of my countrymen to salient points. The Award is apparently based on suspicion and want of confidence in all the communities concerned and takes full advantage of the differences that have paralysed our work for such a long time past."

FOR BENEFIT OF OFFICIALS

"The decision has been made more in view of easy administration, giving power and grip to permanent officials in India. They informed the responsible people in England of their viewpoint and brought pressure on them and carried the day and thus drowned the good intentions of a fairly large number of people in England. Even the Crown and the Empire take a back seat in the minds of these officials, who think of their personal power first and of forms of government afterwards."

MUSLIMS HAVE NO CHOICE.

"I feel helpless, because there is no understanding between ourselves. There is no choice therefore for the Muslims but to accept this award such as it is and work it for what it is worth, unless God gives us wisdom to retrace our steps and bigger and smaller communities think less of prestige and power and more of the welfare and goodwill of the people. To be frank, I see no signs of this but still the communities are suffering.

IS IT TOO LATE?

"Is it too late even now to make an effort to work out an agreed solution based on confidence and goodwill all round. It is surely worth while to make the attempt so that the award could be replaced by an agreed decision made by the people of Indian amongst themselves.

"I believe in and wanted a R. T. C. of our own, so that we might put the agreed demand of the united people of India before the British people, and if this were rejected to join in a united struggle for our freedom. I regret it was not possible.

"It is no use my giving any advice to the permanent officials

(Continued on page 5)

MOLLISON'S NERVES SHAKEN

Doctors Advise Him To Give Up His Return Flight To England

RUGBY, Sept. 1.

The Atlantic airman J. A. Mollison, who has been awaiting favourable weather in Nova Scotia to continue his return flight to England, has, on urgent medical advice, decided to abandon the project and will leave Quebec for England on Saturday aboard the 'Empress of Britain".

Mollison's nerves have been severely shaken during his experiences on the outward flight across the Atlantic.

He has received several appeals from this side to accept doctor's advice, including a cable from Lord Wakefield who has supported most of his long distance flights.—B. O. W.

BRITISH ARMY IN INDIA

Tribunal Set Up To Enquire Into Question Of Expenses

RECOMMENDATIONS TO BE ADVISORY

RUGBY, Sept. 1.

His Majesty's Government in United Kingdom, in agreement with the Government of India have decided to set up a tribunal, firstly to consider and report whether and if so on what basis there should continue to be contributions by India towards recruiting and training expenses at Home of British Army in India; secondly, to examine India's claim that contribution should be made from Imperial revenues towards Military expenditure from Indian revenues; thirdly, to examine War Office claim that India should pay a direct contribution towards the cost of regular and supplementary reserves; fourthly, to consider whether sea transport contribution paid by the War Office to India should be continued or modified after March 31, 1932; and fifthly, to examine and report 'mutatis mutandis' on such of the questions raised in preceding paragraph as are relevant to contribution at present paid from Indian Revenue in respect of Royal Air Force personnel in India.

Sir Robert Garran, lately Solicitor General to Commonwealth Government of Australia, will act as Chairman. Associated with him will be Lord Tomlin and Lord Duneedin, nominated by His Majesty's Government in United Kingdom and Sir Shadi Lal and Sir Muhammad Sulaiman, nominated by the Government of India.

The proceedings of tribunal will be confidential and its report which is to be made to the Prime Minister will be advisory. Its recommendations will, therefore, not be binding on either Government. Arrangements are being made for the tribunal to assemble in London early in November.—B. O. W.

Swadeshi Week In Bombay

No Ban On Procession By Police Chief...

The Bombay Swadeshi League has decided to organise a "Swadeshi Week" from September 5. An elaborate programme for the week has been outlined. The week will open with an inaugural address by Sir Lallubhai Samaldas which will be broadcast, and will end with a concert on the last day at which Pandit Madan Mohan Malavya is expected to be present.

The news appearing in a local evening paper that the Police Commissioner has disallowed a procession that was fixed for the second day of the "week" is not correct. Whether the Police Commissioner agrees to such a procession or not the real difficulty in the way of the procession is the Chief Presidency Magistrate's ban on assembly of more than five persons which was issued during the riots and is still in force. As a matter of fact when some prominent members of the League approached the Police Commissioner, the latter drew their attention to the fact that the ban of the Chief Presidency Magistrate on assembly of more than five persons was still in force and if they organised a procession they would be violating that order. In view of this difficulty the organisers decided not to take out a procession. Motor lorries displaying Swadeshi articles will, however, be sent round the city and the Police Chief, it is understood, has no objection to them.

Other items of the "Swadeshi Week" include a special day for ladies' meetings, another as a "Students' Day," a third as a "Labour Day."

(For detailed programme see page 3).

"HINDU" EDITOR IN WITNESS BOX

MADRAS, Sept. 1.

Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor, "Hindu," was examined as a court witness to-day to elucidate certain points which arose during the examination of witnesses earlier in the security proceedings against Mr. K. Bashyam before the Third Presidency Magistrate.

GERMANY INDIGNANT

Claim For Arms Equality

HOW FRENCH AMBASSADOR'S DESPATCH REACHED HERRIOT

PARIS Aug. 31.

An important note from the French Ambassador in Berlin which it is understood communicates the German Government's views on the reorganisation of the German Army, has been received at the Quai d'Orsay and despatched to M. Herriot at Cherbourg.

FOREIGN OFFICE SILENT

The Foreign Office is silent with regard to the contents, but it is assumed that the advance Germany's claim for equality of armaments

It is understood that the British Government has already been approached in this connection by the Wilhelmstrasse.

M. Herriot is due in Paris to-morrow for a Cabinet meeting, which will consider the matter.

GERMAN ANGER.

Meanwhile a report from Berlin states that German official quarters, while admitting the new demarche in connection with the reorganisation of Germany's defences, are somewhat indignant that the news should be allowed to slip out before it is known to the French Premier.— —Reuter.

German Deadlock

NO PROGRESS IN NAZI-CENTRE PARTY NEGOTIATIONS

BERLIN, Aug. 31.

The latest move in Germany's tangled political drama is President Hindenburg's decision not to receive a deputation consisting of the Speaker and the Deputy-Speaker at his country seat.

He informed the deputation that he would see them in Berlin next week.

Some consternation has been caused by this Nazi and Centre Party circles, but they have decided that the door is left open for efforts to induce the President to change his views about the Reichstag in which they think that a working majority can be achieved. The success of such efforts is considered unlikely since President Hindenburg is convinced that a coalition of the Nazis and the Centre Party could only be a chance product of party bargaining without a programme of value.

Meanwhile Herr von Papen has made a gesture, which is regarded as another demonstration against the Nazis, in agreeing to appear at three gatherings of the Steel Helmets, a rival organisation to Herr Hitler's Storm Troops.

AWEPTING DISSOLUTION

The Reichstag meets again on September 9 to hear Herr von Papen's political programme, after which it is expected that it will adjourn indefinitely to avert a dissolution and to give time for continued deliberations between the Nazis and the Centre Party, which have yet not progressed beyond the initial stage. The possibility still remains of the Reichstag being dissolved by a decree as the view is held that the Cabinet will not allow the House to discuss the recent Emergency Decrees, specially the order creating the Emergency Courts against which the Social Democrats have already submitted a motion in the Reichstag.—Reuter.

GERMAN DEMARCHE TO PARIS

—:o:—

British Government Not To Participate

LONDON Sept. 1.

The British Government is not likely for the present to participate in the negotiations arising out of German demarche to Paris for reorganisation of the German Army and the revision of Military clauses of the Versailles Treaty but there is no doubt that London will be kept closely informed by Franco-German Governments, more so that Germany's move is direct consequence of Lausanne Anglo-French Consultative Pact to which principal countries of Europe quoted, and Germany speaking to one power may be deemed to be speaking to all.

The statement from Berlin explains indeed that no formal note was presented to France but the matter was raised in conversation in Berlin between the Foreign Minister Von Neurath and the French Ambassador as a sequel to a promise given by M. Herriot at Lausanne and Geneva to hear Germany's claim for equality in armaments in August.

ONLY AN "AIDE MEMOIRE".

Von Neurath thereafter recorded his remarks during the conversation and sent them to the Ambassador as 'aide memoire'.

Another reason why France alone was approached in matter was, according to Berlin, that all Governments at Geneva and Lausanne, except France were inclined to favour Germany's claim for equality. Franco-British co-operation is the keynote of M. Herriot's policy and there can be no doubt that he will not decide anything without consulting London. Moreover the revision of Versailles treaty appertains to the League of Nations. In any case there is prospect of long diplomatic exchanges.

The details of Germany's claim leaked out in Paris. It is reported that it includes demands for Army of 300,000, heavy artillery, tank corps, larger navy and creation of 35 war factories.—Reuter.

SITUATION IN MANCHURIA

Jap War Minister's Reply

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Tokyo—A reply to the sensational rumours about the situation in Manchuria was delivered by Minister of War, General Araki, speaking in the Diet.

He said that the work of pacification was proceeding satisfactorily despite the difficulty of geographical and climatic conditions.

There was every reason to believe that General Machanshan, the Chinese leader in Manchuria was killed on July 29. The War Office states that clash at Mukden was confined to a few hundred disbanded soldiers who were promptly driven off.—Reuter.

Will Fight To Save Burma From Financial And Political Ruin

MR. MAUNG MAUNG-JI'S RESOLVE

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Mr. Maung Maung Ji, anti-Separationist, who was in England in connection with the work of the Burma Round Table and the Indian Round Table Conferences returned to India to-day.

Interviewed by the Associated Press he said:—

"I am glad to be in India again after so long. I cannot at present say what steps are necessary to be taken in connection with Burma coming into the Indian Federation. I am returning to Burma as soon as possible to join in the General Election in which separation or Federation will be made the main issue by political parties.

The result of the election will then show the attitude of the country upon this question, but I feel that if people of Burma are made to understand the dangers of separation they will certainly return a verdict in favour of Federation. We will put up a strong fight to save Burma from financial and political ruin that will arise from separation.—A. P.

The "Daily Express" understands that two senior Generals of British Army, Sir Alexander Godley and Sir Philip Chetwode will be created Field Marshals.—

LANCASHIRE STRIKE SPREADS

LONDON, Aug. 31.

There was an extension of the strike in the manufacturing section of the Lancashire cotton industry yesterday. The extension occurred chiefly in the north eastern of the district in which area mills in ten towns around Burnley are closed.

In the area south of Burnley and north of Oldham the stoppage is still incomplete, while mills further south in the Manchester area have not so far been

MORE MILLS CLOSE DOWN

LONDON, September 1.

By the end of the week nine-tenths of the Lancashire cotton weaving industry is expected to shut down. More mills closed yesterday and the strikers now exceed 150,000.

Employers allege intimidation by the strikers, but hitherto there has been very little serious disorder.—Reuter.

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FOR SALE—Big stock EMPTY STEEL OIL and TAR DRUMS, forty gallons, complete with Bungs also sale different sizes of Drums Bungs, delivery for Bombay or Calcutta. Offers invited. Telegraphic address OILPIT. Apply PHOENIX OIL COMPANY, 62, Muktaram Babu Street, Calcutta.
N 5433

Trade Announcement

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T R 7898

WANTED MANUFACTURERS interested in purchasing cheap quality Packing Cases. Apply stating dimensions. P. JOSEPH DAVID, Post Box No. 9, Cochin, S. India.
T R7880

Profession

CONTINUATION OF FREE CONSULTATION BY POST BY THE GREAT EGYPTIAN SPIRITUALIST MAHMOUD BEY for the month of September, two questions to be sent by Post with annas eight in postage stamps, to be spiritually solved very accurately. Personal consultation Rs. 5 for three questions. Wakefield House, Ballard Estate, Opposite New Customs House, Fort, Bombay.
P R7891

THE MAN OF WONDERS
An UNRIVALLED and UNKNOWN SECRET TO RICHES.
MAHMOUD BEY, the renowned Egyptian Spiritualist will give you ONE certainty each Race Day at Special Rates. And other tips consult him at Wakefield House, Ballard Estate, any time from 5 p.m. following race days and up to 2 p.m. the day of the races. You will be delighted with his Scientific Selections. Write or call at "Wakefield House," Ballard Estate, Bombay.
P R7892

HOW TO EARN RS. 27 and Rs. 100/- PER WEEK—The Cotton Trade Syndicate has again pleasure to inform that his scheme 3rd day also correct. Don't waste this precious opportunity in life, see immediately to COTTON TRADE SYNDICATE, and get the scheme for Rs. 10 100—104, Meadow Street, Fort.
P R 7903

Educational

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E R7869

THE MUSLIM HIGH SCHOOL, (Dar-ul-Uloom) Panchgani, teaches from PRIMARY (Vernacular) to MATRICULATION. This year Matriculation results were CENT PER CENT. School REOPENS after Vacation on 5th September, 1932. Fees moderate. Illustrated Prospectus on application to (1) Mr. HOOSEINBHOY A. LALLJEE, Honarary Secretary, Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort, (Samuel Street, Mandvi), Bombay, (2) THE PRINCIPAL, Mr. M. B. HUSSAIN, M.A., B.Sc., Hon. (Edin) Dip. Educ. etc.
E 5410

THIRD SESSION CANDIDATES for Training under 21 years for Telegraph Station Master Stenotypist Courses, Monthly allowance, upto Rs. 15|-. Uniform Passage free Service Compulsory Apply with one Re. for prescribed application form to SUPERINTENDENT CENTRAL TELE. & RLY. Duties College, Delhi.
E 5436

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns.

AUCTION

AUCTION for giving a lease of the Salamati Salt Works from today upto the end of June, 1933, will be held in our Office at 2-15 p.m. (S.T.) Terms and conditions of the lease and of the Auction will be available at our Office.
Dated this 2nd day of September, 1932.
MANCHERSHAW D. CHOTHIA & CO.,
Attorneys for Dawood Gany Hasam,
14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
5455

Public Notices.

The Tata Oil Mills Company, Limited

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH SEPTEMBER, 1932, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st March, 1932, and the Report of the Directors and Auditors.
2. To elect a Director in place of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I., who retires in accordance with Article 120 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
3. To elect a Director in place of Mr. J. A. D. Naoroji, who retires in accordance with Article 120 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. J.R.D. Tata, who retires in accordance with Article 119 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint the Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th September, 1932, to 4th October, 1932; both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
TATA SONS, LTD.,
Agents.
(Sd.) J. D. GHANDY,
Director.
Bombay, 31st August, 1932.
5449

Legal Notices.

In The High Court Of Judicature At Bombay

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.
Petition for Probate of the Last Will of NOORMAHOMED CASSAM SOMJEE, a retired Merchant, dealing in crockery and glassware, Late of Bombay Khoja Inhabitant, residing at Chewalwalla Building, Dongree, outside the Fort. ..... Deceased
SHIRINBANOO, widow of Noormahomed Cassam Somjee, of Bombay Khoja Inhabitant, residing at Chewalwalla Building, Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. Petitioner
ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.
Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Thirtieth day of August in the year of Our Lord One Thousand-nine-hundred and Thirty-two and in the Twenty-third Year of Our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
(Sd.) E. FAHEY.
The 30th day of August, 1932.
MESSRS. DAMKEVALA & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5452

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New Bonus per thousand per Annum
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SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF A
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HAWK ISLAND
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OPERA HOUSE
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SATURDAY, 3rd SEPT. AT 6-0 P. M.
To meet a request from suburban residents for an early evening performance of our productions this Matinee is being specially arranged for the convenience of those residing outside Bombay who find it difficult to attend later performances.
Bookings for this Matinee are brisk—secure your seats early to avoid disappointment.
Box Office and Plan open at S. Rose and Co., Ltd.
Price of Seats:—3/6, 2/4, 1/2 including of Tax.
CHILDNEN HALF PRICE

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To-day at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
DOUBLE ATTRACTION
"HOMICIDE SQUAD"
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MARY BRIAN
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Aslo SLIM SUMMERVILLE
in a four reel comedy
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To-day at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
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CHARLIE RUGGLES

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To-day at 6-30 and 10 P. M.
The Cock-Eyed World
An All-Talking, Singing Picture
with
LILY DAMITA
VICTOR McLAGLEN
EDMUND LOWE

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Last Day 6-30 & 10 P.M.
BARBARA STANWYCK
in Columbia's Drama
"MEXICALI ROSE"
TO-MORROW
NORMA SHEARER
in
"PRIVATE LIVES"

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GREATEST INDIAN STUNT PICTURE
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*Tokiwa Maru	6972	1 Sept.	4 Sept
Hakozaki Maru	10500	.....	@ 5 Sept.
x Iyo ,,	5962	29 Aug.	13 Sept.
*Shin-i Maru	3812	2 Sept.	.....
Terukuni Maru	12000	.....	@17 Sept
*Tokushima Maru	5976	18 Sept.	30 Sept.
Hakusan Maru	10500	.....	@ 3 Oct.
x Kaga Maru	5860	30 Sept.	14 Oct.

*Do not carry passengers.
x Calls at Colombo.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Yasukuni Maru	12000	12 Sept.	29 Sept.
Hakone Maru	10500	28 Sept.	15 Oct.

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Telegram "YUSEN".

(Continued from Col. 7)

From Osaka.—3000 cases Portland cement; 650 cases cotton yarn; 320 cases cotton shirting; 70 cases cotton flannel; 167 cases cotton piecegoods; 130 cases spun silk yarn yarn; 60 cases straw boards; 330 cases glassware 88 cases rayongoods; 20 cases yarn; 970 bundles brass ware; 382 bundles copper ware; 267 bundles galod wire; 500 brls. fish oil; 250 kgs. red lead; 280 kgs. coal pitch.
From Kobe. 285 brls. pitch, 111 brls. fish oil; 90 cases porcelain tiles; 50 cases Japanese tea; 55 cases camphor; 65 cases canvas shoes; 750 cases sulphur 50 cases cotton yarn; 134 cases piecegoods; 100 cases cotton piecegoods; 130 cases rayon good 40 cases cotton flannel; 89 cases silk yarn; 140 cases cotton shirting; 120 cases glassware; 160 cases straw boards; 230 cases cotton and rayon mixed goods 500 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirtings.
From Dairen.—225 bales cottor yarn.
From Moji.—3650 bags Portland cement 210 cs. copper circles 200 cases brass circles; 50 cases vegetable wax.
From Hongkong.—750 cases fire crackers; 47 pkgs. China ware.
From Canton.—100 bales raw silk.
From Shanghai.—85 bales grey yarn.
From Singapore.—461 bags betel nuts; 90 bags pineapples; 2310 bags sagoflour; 42 bags black pepper; 49 bags gum benzamin; 25 bags sago seeds.
From Penang.—1350 bags sago pearl; 300 bags topioca
From Colombo.—50 bags slumbago; 55 pkgs. tea.

Summary Of Cotton Prices In August

WILL BUREAU FORECAST FOR TEXAS CROP PROVE CORRECT?

Feeling Of Nervousness

(From Our Commercial Correspondent.)

The following table shows the daily closing quotations of New York October 1932 delivery and Broach A./M. 1933 delivery:—

The month shows a net rise of 231 points while extreme fluctuation during the last month was 363 points in the New York Market. October highest, 9.48, was reached on the 29th while the lowest, 5.80, was recorded on the 2nd August.

Similarly, in Bombay, Broach A./M. delivery prices advanced by Rs. 59. per candy, while the range between the highest and lowest level during the month was Rs. 70 Broach A./M. The highest price was quoted at Rs. 258/8 on the 27th, while the lowest price, Rs. 188/8. was reached on the 3rd August.

This is the record of cotton prices during the month of August.

BULL CLIQUE.

The rise was mostly engineered by a Bull Clique of New York who are rtported to be holding a long interest to the extent of above 4 million bales.

The general expectation of the American Cotton crop at the beginning was 12,200,000 bales but Bureau Report administered a surprise by putting the crop at 11,300,000 bales.

Many critics view it with doubt that the Bureau's estimate of 3,826,000 bales crop for Texas will prove correct. Texas figures in the past years were as under:—

CONDITION ON AUGUST 1ST.

				Ten years'
Year	1932.	1931.	1930.	average.
Condition	69	75	61	67

It will be seen from the above figures that the condition of the crop in Texas on Aug. 1st was 69 per cent. of the normal as against 61 per cent. in 1930, and 67 per cent. 10 year average.

The Bureau Report estimates the total crop of Texas on August 1st. 3,826,000 bales, against 5,322,000 bales in 1931. and 4,038,000 bales in 1930 on the same day.

One may call it Boll-Weevil, poor fruiting or shedding, but it remains to be seen in the next Bureau report how much of this damage provided for in the last estimate has been actually done.

NERVOUSNESS

The market is bound to be nervous, and the present fears held in some sections that the Bureau might not show material reduction in the production on September 3, may find some foundation.

	New York. October.	Bombay. Broach A./M. Rs. as.
Aug. 1	6.01	—
Aug. 2	5.89	194 0
Aug. 3	5.99	189 4
Aug. 4	5.92	—
Aug. 5	5.97	192 12
Aug. 6	6.16	194 8
Aug. 8	7.03	209 8
Aug. 9	6.97	208 12
Aug. 10	7.14	212 12
Aug. 11	7.46	222 8
Aug. 12	7.15	222 0
Aug. 13	7.30	221 4
Aug. 15	7.47	—
Aug. 16	7.53	223 8
A g. 17	7.41	226 0
Aug. 18	7.54	—
Aug. 19	7.44	228 0
Aug. 20	7.55	221 0
Aug. 22	7.69	—
Aug. 23	7.74	232 4
Aug. 17	7.41	226 0
Aug. 25	8.36	245 4
Aug. 26	8.58	244 0
Aug. 27	9.14	255 8
Aug. 29	9.15	—
Aug. 30	8.62	257 12
Aug. 31	8.32	3 4

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Sept. 1.
Sersa, Gill, Calcutta.
Tajandoen, Koopman, Genoa.
Takewa Maru, Itaw, Karachi.
Jaladuta, Baker, Bassein.
Nurmahal, Oackenhott, Rangoon.
Bankura, Bicknell, Busrah.

DEPARTURE

Bombay, Sept. 1.
Varela, Brudy Busrah.

Bombay, Sept. 2.
Drachenfels, Weibladi, Karachi.
Muddea, Cockman, Karachi.
Pasha, Murray, Rangoon.

LOADING

Steamer Jalavigaya for Karachi.
Steamer Comorin for London.
Steamer Nurmahal for Calcutta
S.S. Sirsa.—The B I S N Coy's steamer Sirsa arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta with a general cargo.
S.S. Nurmahal—The T H Co's steamer Nurmahal arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a general cargo.
S.S. Jaladuta.—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jaladuta arrived in harbour yesterday from Bassein with a cargo of rice.
S.S. Bankura.—The B I S N Coy's steamer Bankura arrived in harbour yesterday from Busran with a general cargo and passengres.
S.S. Drachenfels.—The L Edward Ltd steamer Drachenfels will sail to-day for Karachi with a general cargo.
Steamer Pasha yill sail to-day
S.S. Pasha.—The T M Coy's for Rangoon with a general cargo.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Sept. 1.
S.S. Kaiser-I-Hind for London—1755 bags mowra meal B Ardeshir and Co.
S.S. Comorin for London—4 bales woollen carpets I F Levy.
S.S. Durenda for London—14 bales animal skin S Walimohmad and Co.
C|o Barcelona for Liverpool.—15 bales wool raw M R Shaffi and Co; 10 bales wool raw A A Hirji and Co; 2 bales wool raw K Lalbhai; 20 bales cotton thread waste M Mafatlal and Co; 42 bales cotton thread waste Chimanlal and Sons; 700 bags sesamon seed cakes Cox and King Ltd.
S.S. Carignano for Suez.—20 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.
For Jaffa—4 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.
For Alexandria.—14 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.
For Izwir.—28 bags mendi powder A H Diab.
For Trieste.—4 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.
S.S. Drachenfels for Bremen—2064 bags bajree T S Thadani & Sons.
S.S. Alipore for Kobe.—5 bales cotton raw A Khimji and Co; 300 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.
S.S. Tokiwa Maru for Kobe.—400 bales cotn. raw Sassoon David and Co; 400 bales cotton raw Birla Bros; 474 bales cotton raw M Amersey and Co; 500 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co; 2500 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd.
For Moji.—200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.
For Yokohama.—500 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd.
For Osaka.—200 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd.
For Yokkaichi.—200 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Sept. 1.
S.S. Varela, Agents M M and Co; from Busrah.—537 bkts wet dates; 51 bkts s. skins.
From Bushire.—207 bags A kernals.
From Karachi.—255 bags dry fruits; 193 bags wheat; 179 bags wheat flour; 323 bags gram; 50 bags barley; 100 bags bajree 27 bags rice; 27 bags gram dhall; 62 bags jira; 201 cases hing.
S.S. Garbeta, Agents M M and Co; from Vizagapatam.—20 bales jute twine; 74 bales gunnies; 218 bales H cloth.
From Madras.—14 drums lub oil; 50 pieces pipes
From Tuticorin—450 bales cotton; 222 bales cotton waste; 18 bags oorid husk; 55 bags oorid dust.
From Cochin.—649 H|c tea; 17 cases rubber cling; 26 coils coir rope; 751 bundles coir yarn.
From Calicut.—52 jattas coir yarn; 228 coils coir rope.
S.S. Calebus Maru, Agents O S Kaisha Ltd from Yokohama.—10 cases raw silk; 179 cases beer; 15 cases sardines; 24 cases silk goods; 84 cases rayon and cotton mixed goods.
From Tokyo.—112 cases cotton yarn; 50 cases cotton shirting; 40 cases clocks; 102 cases beer.
From Nagoya.—125 cases cotton yarn; 280 cases cotton shirting, 272 cases wood chest; 140 cases spoon.

(Continued in column 5.)

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CITY AND SUBURBS

—:o:—

TO-DAY.

Hindu—Bhadarva Sud, 2 1988.
Muslim—Rabi-ul-Akhar 30, 1351.
Farsi—Gatha 1, 1301.
Sunrise—6h. 24m.
Sunset—6h. 54m.
Hightide—0-30, 12-50.
Lowtide—6-24, 18-57.
Phases of the moon.—First quarter 7th Sept. 6h. 19m. p.m. Full moon 15th Sept. 2h. 36m. a.m.

SATURDAY, September 3.

S. S. "Comorin" with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

MONDAY, September 5.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Three Arts Circle—Reception to Nawab of Bahawalpur, Maharani of Travancore (Jr.) and Atiya Begum, Aiwane Rafat, 5-30 p.m.

TUESDAY, September 6.

Parsi New Year's Eve: Public Holiday, Banks closed.

WEDNESDAY, September 7.

Parsi New Year's Day Public Holiday, Banks closed.

DAILY AMUSEMENT

EXCELSIOR—"Homicide Squad" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Beloved Bachelor" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
EMPRESS—"The Cock-Eyed World". Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Lovers Courageous" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
RIALTO—"Mata Hari". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Shanghaied Love" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Tom Sawyer" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"The Four Devils" Daily at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m. Matinee, to-day (Friday) at 3 p.m.
KRISHNA CINEMA—"Krishnavatar". Daily at 5, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
THE PALACE (Byculla).—"Mexicali Rose", Daily 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.

12 noon, selection of Gramophone Records; 6 p.m., Relay of Music; 6-30 p.m. Items of Interest; 7 p.m. light Music by "Navaz," and Instrumental by Madhavlal (Sitar Solo); 8-10 p.m. A few Radio Tips by Pendse (in Marathi); 9 p.m. News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool closing and Bombay current Rates.

"OTTAWA TRADE AGREEMENT."

The first lecture on "The Ottawa Trade Agreement between India and England" by Prof. C. N. Vakil, will be delivered in the University Convocation Hall to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m.

THE BOMBAY AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB
PRESENT
HAWK ISLAND
A "THRILLER" IN 3 ACTS
BY
HOWARD IRVING YOUNG
AT THE
OPERA HOUSE
Saturday, 27th August
Tuesday, 30th „
Wednesday, 31st „
Thursday, 1st September
Saturday, 3rd „
AT 9-30 P.M.
MATINEE
Saturday, 3rd September
AT 6-0 P.M.
BOX OFFICE & PLAN AT S. ROSE & CO.

Woman Assaulted With Knife

KAMATIPURA INCIDENT

The fact that his mistress did not keep his meal ready when he returned home from work, coupled with her threatt that she would leave him soon and go to stay with another man is said to be the provocation which led Eranna Laxman to assault his mistress and cause severe injuries to her.

Sayamma Savanna, a Hindu woman was the victim, is now lying in the J. J. Hospital. It appears that both Eranna and Sayamma had been living together at 12th Kamathipura for a considerably long time.

At about 2 p.m. on Thursday Eranna returned home after his work. He was hungry and expected that he would find his meals ready. But he was sadly disappointed when his mistress offered him only a cup of tea and asked him to be satisfied with it.

WOMAN ASSAULTED.

This insult, it is alleged, enraged Eranna who lost his temper and threatened to kill the woman there and then. He soon proceeded to carry his threat into effect and whipping out a 12 inches long butcher's knife assaulted the woman. He inflicted severe injuries with the knife on her head, arms and other parts of her body.

When the information of this ghastly crime reached the Nagpada police Sub-Inspector Dharkar proceeded to the spot and placed Eranna under arrest. The woman was found badly injured and was removed to the J. J. Hospital. It was found that she had received as many as a dozen injuries. She was detained in the hospital for treatment.

WANTED TO KILL HER.

In his statement to the police Eranna is said to have admitted that he assaulted the woman and wanted to kill her. He also said that he intended to commit suicide after killing the woman. The reason why he wanted to do it was the ill-treatment that he received at the hands of his mistress and especially the knowledge that she wanted to leave him and stay with another man.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed mails for Straits and Japan per s.s. "Alipore" will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Satureay the 3rd instant.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Theosophical Federation, Dr. V. R. Kokatnur, Ph.D. (of America) will lecture in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (French Bridge, Chowpatty) to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Cultural Contracts between India & Egypt."

PUBLIC MEETING.

A public meeting of the residents of Vile Parle, to consider the proposed Municipal scheme of combined market and office, will be held in the Tilak Mandir to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m.

PARSI CO-OP. PHILANTHROPY.

A meeting of the "Municipal-aided Housing and Tenants' Welfare Institute will be held to-day (Friday) 6 p.m. (S. T.) in th Bombay Improvement Trust Hall, when speeches will be made by Messrs. Framji Billia, Mancherji Joshi, K. J. Dubash, Minocher Kamdin and by Narayanrao Kulkarni on "Advantages of Parsi Co-operative Philanthropy to the community."

"Jimmy" Thomas Goes On A Holiday

—:o:—

RUGBY, Sept. 1.

The Dominions Secretary Mr. J. H. Thomas returned to London to-day from Balmoral, where with Prime Minister he had been a guest of the King. After a brief visit to the Dominions Office Mr. Thomas left for a holiday in country.—B. O. W.

REAL DUTY OF AN INDIAN
IS TO
ENCOURAGE SWADESHI
BY
MAKING YOUR PURCHASES
OF
CARPETS, BRASSWARE, IVORYWARE, BEAD NECKLACES, EMBROIDERIES, SHAWLS SCARVES, SANDLEWOOD GOODS, CARVED FURNITURE, NUMDAS PRINTS, SILKS AND CURIOS.
A visit to our store will enable us to show you a vivid selection of KASHMERE HAND EMBROIDERIES. ETC.
SHOPPING HERE ASSURES MONEY SAVED.
INDIAN ART MUSEUM
(1 minute's drive from Crawford Market towards EAST.)
Pro:—Pohoomull Bros. (India) Carnac Bridge Bombay 3.

BOMBAY SWADESHI LEAGUE

PROGRAMME FOR THE SWADESHI FESTIVAL

5th September 1932, Monday: MUSEUM DAY.
1. Opening of the Swadeshi Museum by Sir C. V. Mehta.
2. Broadcast Address by Sir Lallubhai Samaldas.
3. Ward meeting at the Share Bazar, New Building.

6th Tuesday: BUY INDIAN DAY.
1. Distribution of Buy-Indian Leaflet.
2. Hawking of Khaddar and Swadeshi goods.
3. Selling Swadeshi Stamps.
4. Ward Meeting.

7th, Wednesday: SELL-INDIAN DAY.
1. Distribution of Sell-Indian Leaflet among the merchants.
2. Moving lorry exhibition of Swadeshi goods.
3. Reduction in prices in Khadi and Swadeshi articles.
4. Giving information to merchants regarding the production of Swadeshi articles and persuading them to sell Swadeshi only.
5. Ward meeting in business area.

8th, Thursday: STUDENTS' DAY.
1. Distribution of Students Leaflet.
2. To start Swadeshi stores in schools.
3. Meetings in Schools and Colleges to pass resolutions re: Swadeshi.
4. Brisk enrolment of members.
5. Mass meeting of the students at the Blavatsky Lodge.
6. Moving lorry exhibition of Swadeshi goods.
7. Ward Meeting.

9th, Friday: LADIES' DAY.
1. Ladies Swadeshi Bazar and Fancy Dress carnival for children below 12 (Swadeshi material compulsory) Blavatsky Lodge.
2. Spinning Competition: Prizes will be awarded.
3. "Svadeshi Dip" (Prize distribution for 1 and 2).
4. Enrolment of members.
5. Ladies' meeting.
6. Ward meeting.

10th, Saturday: KAMAL DAL DAY
1. Selling of Kamals.
2. Hawking of Khaddar and Swadeshi goods.
3. Enrolment of members for the League.
4. Ward meeting.
5. Selling Swadeshi Stamps.

11th, Sunday: LABOUR DAY.
1. Distribution of Labour Leaflet.
2. Opening of Swadeshi Stores in the Labour area.
3. Hawking of Khaddar and Swadeshi articles in the Labour area.
4. Lorry procession of Labourers.
5. Ward meeting in Labour area.

12th, Monday: SWADESHI DAY.
1. Distribution of National Economic Policy leaflet.
2. Public meeting.

13th, Tuesday: ENTERTAINMENT DAY.
1. Entertainment in aid of the Bombay Swadeshi League at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE "SWADESHI FESTIVAL."

Festivals are by no means a rarity in India, and the time of the year we are passing through is especially one when almost every other day is a festival. The difference between other festivals and this one is that while other are communal and sectarian festivals, the Swadeshi Festival is one where all can participate, a can join in singing the glory—not the glory that was Ind—but the glory of the India that is and that is yet to be. Like the Id and the Naoroz and the Vasant festivals the Swadeshi Festival too is a festival of joy and love, joy at the reawakening of the nation to a consciousness of its economic strength and love towards all—especially the down-trodden and the exploited—in whose increased happiness and prosperity will lie the greatness of new India. The celebration is to last for nine days from the 5th to the 13th of September and each day is dedicated to some distinctive activity. The festival starts with the opening of a modest but artistically arranged museum of indigenous products, and concludes fittingly with an attractive evening entertainment in aid of the Bombay Swadeshi League to be held at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall. The women have a day to themselves—Friday, the 9th when they will organise a special bazar, hold a spinning competition and get together the little ones in a fancy dress show.

PATETI SWADESHI BAZAR

Last Three Days

The Hon. Secretary P. S. B Committee, writes.—

Multitudes of people thronged at the Bazar; the Bazar was fairly attended by ladies, particularly Parsi families were much in evidence. Amongst the prominent persons were Mr. and Mrs. Kirpalani, Mrs. R. D. Sethna, Mrs. Tehmina Joshi Miss Mithan Tata Mr. Pupala etc. There is a good display of textile goods of well known mills and besides genuine Khadi articles of daily use at attractive prices on sale. The Bazar closes down on the 4th Sept. and is daily open between 4-30 and 8-30 to all. Admission free.

E. I. COTTON ASSOCIATION

Mr. H. Madhavdas Elected President

The East India Cotton Association on Thursday elected Mr. Haridas Madhavdas and Mr. Mohmedbhai Currimbhoy President and Vice-President, respectively, for the ensuing year.

Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas held prestdentship of this association for ten years since its inception in 1922.

Mr. Haridas was the vice-president last year while Sir Purshotamdas was the president.

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

(Special Service for "The Chronicle.")

T. T. ON LONDON.
New York, Sept 1.

Previous closing	3.47
To-day's closing	3.47

T. T. ON NEW YORK
London, Sept. 1.

Previous closing	3.46 7/8
To-day's opening	3.46 7/8
To-day's closing	3 47

LATEST COTTON PRICES

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET OCTOBER
New York, Sept 1.

Previous closing rate	8.32
To-day's opening rate	8.39
Difference	+.07
To-day's closing rate	8.24
Difference	—.08

BROACH EXPECTATION.

April-May	Rs. 242

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET. OCTOBER
Liverpool. Sept 1.

Previous closing rate	6.56
To-day's opening rate	6.33
Difference	—.23
To-day's closing rate	6.16
Difference	—40.

LOMELINO DA SYLVA

Rouses Intense Enthusiasm And Promises Second Concert

A large audience greeted Sr Lomelino da Sylva the "Portuguese Caruso" at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Thursday evening. His singing roused extraordinary enthusiasm, which was so great that he was induced to announce another concert for Sunday night at 9-30 at popular prices.

We are obliged to defer publication of a detailed critique till our next issue.

HAWKER SUCCUMBS TO BULLET INJURY

—:o:—

Riot Firing Echo

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Musa Ibrahim, a Muslim hawker aged 35, who was hit by a bullet when the police opened fire on a crowd of rioters in Jambli Mohollia, on June 30 last, died in the J. J. Hospital on Tuesday. He sustained a bullet wound in the thigh, and in spite of the medical aid for nearly two months succumbed to his injuries. After recording the evidence of a relative of Musa, the Coroner adjourned the inquest.

—:o:—

MISAPPROPRIATING GOLD LEAVES

Temple Clerk Jailed

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sukhlal Gulabchand, a clerk employed in the Ridge Road, Jain Temple, Bombay, was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 265 or in default further imprisonment for three months by Mr. I. N Mehta, Presidency Magistrate Girgaum Court.

He was found guilty of misappropriating gold leaves and cash which were received by the temple as offerings from devotees.

The accused pleaded that the gold leaves were stolen and declined to call evidence saying "God is my witness."

Gujrat's 23rd "Dictator" Arrested

12 CONGRESSMEN ARRESTED

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1.

A message from Bhimnath near Ahmedabad states that 12 persons including Mr. Balvantra Mehta, the 23rd "Dictator" of the Gujarat Congress Committee, were arrested there yesterday as they proceeded to hold the Dhandhuka Taluka "Conference." Five were arrested on the station while seven were arrested on their way to the town.—A.P.

RAID ON BUILDING AT C. P. TANK

Two Congress Workers Arrested

Ceaseless day and night watch for a week on a building near the C. P. Tank culminated in a sensational raid on the place on Sunday afternoon in which the police arrested two Gujarati Congress workers and seized over 3000 copies of the "Congress Bulletin."

The Mharbavdi police suspected for some time past that a room in Narottamdas Building near the C. P. Tank was being used as a centre for distributing "Congress Bulletins." It appears that a numbers of hawkers used to call at the place regularly and received copies of the fresh issues of the "Bulletin" for sale.

The Mharbavdi police kept a day and night watch over the place for a week and on Thursday at about 1 p.m. a party of police headed by Deputy Inspector Raje raided the place. After a search of the room which lasted for an hour the police seized 2800 copies of the "Congress Bulletin" of Thursday's date and over 500 copies of old unsold issues of different dates. Two Gujarati Congress workers who were found in the room were put under arrest.

Jaiprakash Brought To Bombay

—:o:—

Bombay, Thursday.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narayan said to be a Congress worker connected with the A. I. C. C. office was brought here to-day from Madras. He was arrested a few days back a Madras under instructions of the Bombay C. I. D. He will be charged under Sections 17 (1) and (2) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act for being member of an unlawful association and assisting its operations.

Two Hindu Youths said to be Congress workers were arrested this morning at Lamington Road by S. I. Kamat of the C. I. D. under the Special Powers Ordinances.

Mandvi Ward "Dictator" Arrested

Four Congress volunteers one of whom claims to be the "Dictator" of the Mandvi Ward Congress Committee were arrested on Sunday afternoon at Frere Road while picketing the office of Messrs Hasham Premji. Deputy Inspector Navalkar attached to the Pydhoni Police effected the arrest at about 3 p.m. and removed the volunteers to the Pydhoni lock-up.

THREE-YEAR OLD CHILD HANGING FROM BALCONY

Colaba Tragedy

Dislocation of his neck from his body as a result of his head being caught in the wooden railings of a balcony was the cause of death of a three years old child at Colaba. Simon, the three year old child of Mr. Elias Bashi was the victim of this tragedy which took place on Thursday evening.

Mr. Elias Bashi stays on the fourth storey of Kamal Mansion at Colaba. On Thursday at about 5-30 p.m. Mrs. Bashi asked her servant to take the child out for a walk. When the servant went out of the room in the verandah where the child was playing he found that the child was hanging down from the balcony with his head caught in the wooden railings.

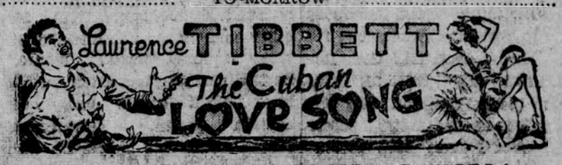
Mrs. Bashi and the servant extricated the child from the railings where it was struggling and immediately telephoned for a doctor but before the doctor could come the child died.

CHARGE AGAINST B. A. STUDENT

—:o:—

Jaigopal, a B.A. student of the D. A. V. College, was charged on Thursday under Section 18 of the Press Act before Mr. Thakur Vikram Singh, Magistrate, for alleged publishing of Red leaflets purporting to be of the Communist Party. The accused had been arrested on 14th August last in a house on Shalamar Road, while printing red posters. The police also took possession of the machine.

FREDERICK LONSDALE'S STORY OF TRUE ROMANCE!
TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P. M. THE CAPITOL BOMBAY'S LEADING TALKIE HOUSE
STARRING THE STAR ALL THE GIRLS ADORE
Robert Montgomery

bring LEAP YEAR love-making up to date in
Lovers Courageous
With MADGE EVANS—ROLAND YOUNG
Also Showing A New FLIP THE FROG COMEDY CARTOON
TO-MORROW
Laurence TIBBETT

The Cuban LOVE SONG
HAUNTING SONGS! RUMBA DANCES!

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN HIS
BIGGEST LAUGH
THE CIRCUS
SYNCHRONISED
YOU WILL LAUGH FOR WEEKS
BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW AT S. ROSE & CO. OR AT THE THEATRE.
PATHE CINEMA
TO-MORROW

UNLICENSED ARMS

Home Department's Communique.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 1.

The following communique has been issued by Home Department (Political) regarding the registering of Arms in Bombay Presidency:—"There is reason to believe that a considerable number of persons residing in Bombay Presidency have in their possession unlicensed firearms which they have not declared owing to fear of prosecution or through ignorance of the rules on the subject.

As it is essential that the local authorities should have accurate information regarding the total number of fire arms in the possession of the public, it has been decided by means of this notice to give an opportunity to all possessors of unlicensed weapons to deliver their weapons on the following conditions:—

NO PROSECUTION.

(1) No prosecution will be instituted under the Indian Arms Act or Rules framed thereunder against any person who, on or before October 31, either deposits his unlicensed weapons at the police station or furnishes accurate information regarding them to me.

(2) Applications for the grant of licenses received from such persons on or before October 31 1932 will be considered on their merits, and if a license is granted, the applicant will be charged only the fee for the current year, no claim being made for arrears.

(3) Any such persons who do not desire to take out a license or to whom a license cannot be granted, will be required to deposit their weapons at the nearest police station. If the weapons are deposited before October 31, 1932, or within one week of receipt of information that a license cannot be granted, the proceeds of their sale will be credited to the depositor.

After October 31, 1932, prosecution will be launched against any and every person found in unlawful possession of any weapons for which he is required by the rules to take out license.

This period may be extended in the case of any persons who would otherwise avail themselves of this offer, but are prevented, from doing so by absence from the province or by any other good and sufficient reason.

(5) Exemptees who have omitted to comply with the provisions of Rule 3 (b) of the Indian Arms Rules will not be prosecuted for such omission if they register the firearms in their possession with me on or before October 31 1932. After that date any exemptee who fails to register his weapons will be liable to prosecution under the Indian Arms Act and also to cancellation of his exemption."

TO-DAY MATINEE AT 4 P.M.
THE RIALTO
LAST DAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
MATA HARI
with
GRETA GARBO
RAMON NOVARRO
—TO-MORROW—
THE KING OF LAUGHTER
BUSTER KEATON
In Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
FUNNIEST COMEDY.
SIDE-WALKS OF NEW YORK
THE BIGGEST LAUGH WALLOP IN YEARS!

PATHE CINEMA
EVERY DAY 3-30, 6-30 & 10.
SHANGHAIED LOVE
WITH
NOAH BEERY
RICHARD CROMWELL
SALLY BLANE
A STUPENDOUS SEA STORY OF SENSATIONAL LOVE AND ADVENTURE.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 2, 1932

AT BRITAIN'S BEHEST

We received on Wednesday morning the Tariff Board's Report on the Cotton Textile Industry, meant to be published on Friday morning. But the Government of India's resolution on the subject containing a full summary of the report was available for publication even before the Report itself was received. We do not see any reason why the publication of the latter before to-day should have been forbidden. It appears that some one in the Publicity Department has blundered.

THE BOARD'S SUGGESTION.

The text of the Report shows more clearly than does Government's resolution that in the opinion of the Board an alteration of the rates of Customs duties was not the most suitable form in which assistance could be given to the textile industry "against the temporary and variable handicap involved in a depreciated exchange." The Board rightly urged:

> The general dislocation of the market entailed by a change in the rate of duty should, we think, be avoided unless it is clear that no other remedy is possible. Its consequences will be disproportionate to the duration of the evil and is too inelastic to be adapted to the frequent variation to which exchange rates are liable. In the present case, since the question of granting substantive protection to the Indian industry is already under investigation and a reconsideration of the existing duties must in any case be undertaken before the end of the financial year, it appears to be particularly desirable that the additional assistance required should be provided, if possible, by other means than an alteration of the tariff rates.

TURNED DOWN.

The Board accordingly suggested that the Government should examine the possibility of using the powers conferred on them under Section 3 (2) of the Tariff Act to raise the value of goods imported from a country with a depreciated exchange for the purpose of assessment of duty, to such an extent as might be necessary from time to time to counteract falls in prices. Such a method would have provided due protection against continued fluctuations in exchange and would at the same be directed only against those countries with depreciated currencies. This proposal, of course, could even operate against Britain's depreciated currency. However, Government have turned down the suggestion for obvious reasons.

ALSO ANOTHER

The Board's next suggestion, failing the first, was for an additional duty on Japanese textiles only. As regards the Trade Convention with Japan under which India is required to grant the most favoured-nation treatment to imports from Japan, the Board says: "We believe that there is authority for the view that duties of this kind, imposed for the purpose of safeguarding a national industry against the competition of goods imported at unreasonably low prices from another country, do not infringe the most favoured nation clause." Such direct discrimination would have helped Britain but only against Japan. Government turned down this suggestion also

WHAT SUITED THEM.

But they accepted the Board's last alternative, namely an additional duty on all imported cotton piecegoods, not of British manufacture. Such a duty however unfair to those countries whose currency has not depreciated, helps Britain and the general principle of British preference. As regards its help to India it is, as has been pointed out by several Indian business men, much belated and does not avail against the continued depreciation of the yen even after the Board had made its recommendation a month ago. Moreover, the new duty does not help those Indian industries like steel, cement, paint and hosiery that have also suffered from Japanese dumping. The best way to protect Indian cotton industry would have been to enhance the duty on all imported cotton goods including those from Britain. That would not have intensified assaults on the Indian industry at one end while raising the protective tariff wall at another. Nor would it have involved any discrimination, direct or indirect.

HELPLESS TARIFF BOARD.

Any higher duty on British goods was, however ruled out by the Tariff Board's terms of reference for the last enquiry. The question of general protection, however, is still before the Board. And it says with regard to its present finding: "Our present finding is strictly confined to the object of protection as envisaged in the Act of 1930 and must not be regarded as involving any conclusions on our part regarding the general question of protection for the Indian textile industry, which is now under enquiry." The Government of India, too, assure the public that in accepting the necessity for a purely temporary increase they have in no way prejudiced the question whether the Indian cotton textile industry satisfies the conditions required to qualify for the grant of substantive protection."

TORY PRESS FULMINATIONS.

The "Morning Post" sees red in such an assurance and in the prospect of wider and longer protection to the Indian cotton industry in response to the Tariff Board's fuller enquiry. It warns India by declaring that "Britain has the right and power to revoke the grant of fiscal autonomy to India if it is being used to cause her mischief or injury to the Indian people." India at present does not possess real autonomy. A fettered autonomy or one at somebody else's mercy is no autonomy at all. However, since the "Post" is so solicitous of the interests of the Indian people, we would assure it that Indians can and will look after their own interests and rights.

A Misplaced Homily

Time and again many have discussed at length the question of Governor's tours in these days of acute financial stringency and condemned them, when every department is kept on short commons, and education and medical relief are withheld from the needy on the same specious grounds. There is a Re-organisation Committee sitting at Poona to try and find out ways and means for putting a curb on the growing expenditure. In these days of quick communications Governor's tours are not only a superfluity, but a luxury as they generally entail heavy financial expenditure. Can anybody seriously believe that a Governor can come into touch with the cultivators, or the common people in the district and thus help to improve the relations between the public and the administration by merely receiving and replying to addresses from local bodies and attending receptions, where only the rich and the title-holders, and the district officials are present? Nor is the position much improved by such a reply as Sir Frederick Sykes gave to the Municipal address at Satara.

AMAZING.

We are amazed at the Governor's analysis of the political events that are taking place in India at the moment. He said: "In spite of the prophecies to the contrary on the part of the ill-disposed critics, the British Government has endeavoured to fulfil to the hilt the pledges made at the Round Table Conference." We must respectfully protest that nothing was farther away from truth. The second sentence is a mis-statement of facts, for even the Anglo-Indian Press is agreed that "the British Government has not endeavoured to fulfil" the pledges made either at the Round Table Conference or in Parliament by the Premier. Either Sir Frederick Sykes is ignorant of the fast moving events in this country, or he does not give credit to the critics of Government policy for ability to gauge accurately the present situation.

WHAT ABOUT THE LIBERALS?

Does he mean to include Liberal leaders like Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. Jayakar and others in the category of "ill-disposed critics," who have done their very best to co-operate with the Government and make a success of the Round Table Conference, in spite of universal disapprobation of their conduct? It is notorious that the Liberals are withholding their co-operation from the Government because both Sir Samuel Hoare and the British Premier have deliberately gone back on the plighted word of the two Houses of Parliament, and completely reversed the old policy of accepting an agreed settlement. Some of the more discerning Anglo-Indian papers have expressed their dissatisfaction with the new policy of Sir Samuel Hoare, and we had thought there was no difference of opinion on this point among all thinking people.

NO CHANGE OF HEART.

The country will no doubt be thankful to the Governor for wishing to see the "India of the future prosperous, contented and progressing on the soundest lines of its destiny." He added that this can only be done by working together "constructively and whole-heartedly for the common good." "I am well aware," he said, "that this may involve a good deal of self-sacrifice, and even surrender, perhaps of cherished privileges, sentiments and beliefs." While the people of this country have sacrificed and are even now sacrificing a great deal for their cherished ideal of the fullest measure of freedom, without any outside interference, we have seen no sign yet of the "surrender of cherished privileges," either by the ruling class or the administration. Neither the British merchants nor the bureaucracy have made any sincere gesture of what Mahatma Gandhi would call "change of heart" and one notices little willingness to give to the people what is theirs. For that very purpose both Sir Samuel Hoare and his bunch of backwoodsmen are now carrying on a last ditch fight. The Governor of Bombay would have done a greater service to the public if he had addressed his timely appeal to those privileged few who are enjoying all kinds of "cherished privileges," which they are not in a hurry to surrender, unless compelled to. Speeches, such as the one delivered by the Governor of Bombay do not help forward the object he has in view. The readiness to sacrifice must be on both sides.

CONTRAST IN PUNISHMENTS

The Law's vagaries, like its ways, are many, but some happen to be more blatant than others. The Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay recently sentenced a man to two years' rigorous imprisonment for possessing a revolver without a licence, no doubt a heinous crime in these days though the Government has just announced that, if people with unlicensed arms will quietly give them up, no action will be taken against them.

A glaring contrast to this case was provided on Tuesday when a European, charged with injuring a mali by firing a rifle in a rash manner, was let off with a paltry fine of Rs. 40. The accused pleaded that he intended the shot for a dog but it struck the mali, who was working near by. He said he was worried by dogs and wanted to frighten them," and the Magistrate was apparently satisfied that he was "worried" and that Rs. 40 was a sufficient punishment for this nerve-racked individual and the same amount sufficient compensation for the wounded man.

There are a good many people of the same class as the accused in this case, who are under the impression that they are free to fire at dogs, cats and crows and other unfortunate creatures who get on their nerves. The best thing for such people is a rest-cure. They are a danger to the public. Even if they do not happen to hit a human being, the discharging of fire-arms within 200 yards of a public thoroughfare is an offence under the Bombay City Police Act. Both the punishment and the compensation awarded to the injured man in this case appear to us inadequate. The facile use of fire-arms is a practice that should be sternly discouraged and where it results in injury or damage to others it should be punished with severity.

WOMEN'S EMANCIPATION IN THE SOVIET

Results And Achievements

(From Our Own Correspondent).

MOSCOW, Aug. 11.

Measures taken to reform marriage and divorce laws in the Soviet and the legislation for protection of mother and child and other similar measures have proved of invaluable profit both to the State and Society.

FLOODING THE FACTORIES.

Organization and development of such cultural bodies as "dinning halls," "kitchen factories," "laundries," "nurseries," "children's gardens," "Medical Consultation Bureaus," for expectant women and "Orphan Homes" for children have done much to emancipate women from domestic slavery. Millions of thus emancipated women are rapidly making their way to offices and factories. The number of the women worker in factories is 42 per cent in comparison with men workers and in the offices still greater. The ration between women and men students in the schools, colleges and other educational enterprises is as high as 2 to 3 at the present.

RAPID DEVELOPMENT.

As the consequence of Social reforms which granted freedom to women the latter are advancing in all the walks of life of the country with remarkable speed. Here in U.S.S.R. women have reached a level of development far above the level of women in other countries. And it is hoped that within a maximum period of ten years, in Russia, women will reach the same level of progress as men, if not outstrip them.

IN THE HIGHEST OFFICE.

In Europe and America a very large umber of women are yet untouched by the modern ideas of emancipation. Only a small number of women has reached an advanced state of culture and this is still considered as a novelty. In Russia the situation differs, because a great nubmer of women have over-reached in all respects their fellow mates from the stronger sex. The number of such progressive women is so great that for a woman to reach the highest social or other post in Russia is not a novelty but rather a routine.

IN EVERY FIELD OF WORK.

There are several hundred women aviators, motor drivers and tractor conductors to-day in Russia who were but simple peasant girls yesterday. The number of women doctors, engineers and lawyers reaches several thousands. The number of mistresses in schools and colleges grows rapidly. There are hundreds of women who lead in scientific research work and as writers and journalists.

Soviet Army enlists a great number of its members annually from women. There are women generals in Red Army, many others graduated in the Military Academy and some are working in the General Staff of the Army and other military offices.

FORTY PER CENT. IN PARLIAMENT.

Madame Kolantai was the first woman to become a member of the Soviet government. She is the Soviet Ambassador in Norway at the present. Madame Nurina is the procurator of the Russian Republic and a noteworthy lawyer. Hundreds of other names can be mentioned of those women who distinguished themselves in U.S.S.R. by their talents and extraordinary abilities. But the best illustration will be to mention that 40 per cent of the members of the Executive Committee (Soviet Parliament) are women.

GROUNDLESS FEARS.

The warning of the priestly class, that the new reforms will cause the nation to fade away proved as false as their other conceptions. The annual increase of the population of Russia is equal to 3,000,000 souls at the present. The infant mortality under the age of three years has decreased by 50 per cent as compared with mortality in 1913.

The women in Russia have proved that under complete freedom they can easily reach the same level of cultural and educational development as men, and that all the theories of weakness and discomfiture of women by nature were nothing more than a lame excuse by means of which they were kept away from participation in actual nation-building. They have also proved that a woman in an office, factory and on the field can be of as much use and assistance to a man than in a kitchen or a laundry.

Notes of the Day

Japanese Aggression.

There seems to be no end to Japanese chauvinism. Japan is now thinking of establishing a naval base at Port Arthur for the defence of the Manchurian coast. Japan also decided a couple of days ago to send a "good-will" mission to America to dispel the suspicion and resentment which have been gathering against her for some months past now. From this, it appears that, Japan has no intention to resile from the position she has taken up in Manchuria and she apparently is resolved on holding what she has got. On the one hand, they go on talking pure bunkum at Geneva about disarmament and the Washington Pact. On the other, Japan is pushing forward ruthlessly purzing her objective of subjugating Manchuria. This new step is likely to strengthen American fears about Japan and will not improve her relations with China which are growing worse. Chinese boycott is the most important factor in this struggle and is doing greater harm to Japan than a signal defeat in battle.

Outrageous!

Replying to a question in the Bengal Legislative Council Sir P. C. Mitter stated that certain prisoners in the Dum Dum Jail were ordered to wear gunny clothing for losing their prison kit and that some others were punished with handcuffs even at night. When some of these prisoners refused to wear gunny clothing they were punished with cross bars or bar-fetters. Such drastic punishments for trivial offences are indicative of a demoralisation on the part of the jail authorities which bodes no good to anybody. Undue severity rarely, if ever, leads to peace in jails or outside. On the other hand, reports of such incidents are bound to rouse deep indignation, not only in Bengal but all over India.

Sikhs And The Award.

The Sikh resentment against the Premier's Communal Award is gathering strength. Sikhs complain that, it does "monstrous injustice" to the claims of Sikhs. Accordingly, they have decided to non-co-operate with the Government all along the line. They are not to have anything to do with the Round Table Conference, if and when it meets; the Sikh members of Legislatures are also required to resign. Thus the position in the Punjab, instead of improving, is growing worse and any day there might be a conflagration. At the same time, the Punjab Hindus are going to hold an "All-Punjab Hindu Protest Day" and they are making common cause with the Sikhs. Mass meetings are to be held for the purpose of a general protest. More or less, the same is the situation in other parts of the country, though it is not so virulent. In these circumstances, the best the Government can do is, to withdraw the Premier's Award and ask the communities to make another effort to settle their differences.

Indian Services For Indians.

It is good news that only 83 British candidates sat for the I.C.S. examination which has just closed as against 103 for the last year. The special correspondent of the "Daily Mail" is right in his estimate that, if reduction proceeds at that rate, it is only a question of four or five years before the British entries cease altogether But every effort will be made by the present Government to encourage more entries and thus to give a longer lease to the Steel Frame. The British public, however, seem to know by instinct that the days of British domination in the Indian Services are numbered. Whatever consideration may be shown by the Indian taxpayers to the non-Indians who are already in service, they will see to it that the Indian Services in the future are manned by Indians as a rule, and that all public servants justify their designation by serving the people who maintain them first and foremost.

AUSTRALIA'S BALANCED BUDGET

No New Taxation

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Canberra.—Premier Lyons has presented a balanced budget to the House of Representatives. Excluding service of War Debt to Britain it leaves estimated surplus of 12,000 sterling, but if service of Debts is included surplus will be turned into deficit of 1,900,000.

The estimates include servants of 1,479,000 reduction in Parliamentary allonces and Civil Service salaries and also suspension of gold bonus from 30th September.

Total estimated expenditure is 17,288,000 sterling which is 2,038,000 less than last year. There is no new taxation.

Proclamation is issued which removes all import prohibitions imposed by Scullin Government in order to rectify adverse trade balance.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN AVIATOR IN RANGOON

RANGOON. Sep. 1.

The Aviator Mr. Richard Allen, arrived here and landed at the Mingaladon Aerodrome at 3-15 p.m. He stopped at Akyab for a short time for refuelling and experienced bad weather the whole way from Calcutta. He is leaving to-morrow morning for Bangkok 'en rou'e' to Australia weather permitting.—A. P.

ST. LEGER

Probable Starters With Jockeys

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Following is the list of probables for the St. Leger:

BENEFICIAL (Sam Wragg). CELEBRATOR (Burns). CHARANCON (Rosen). DASTUR (Beary). FIRDAUSSI (———). FOG HORN (Bouilion). GAINSLAW (Lowry). GAVELKIND (Perryman). HESPERUS (Elliott). LEIGHON (Dick). LOANINGDALE (Joe Childs). ORWELL (Jones). ROYAL DANCER (Nevett). SILVERMERE (Lane) TAJ KASRA (Sirett). TOTAIG (Carslake). UDAIPUR (Harry Wragg). VIOLATOR (Gordon Richards). WILL O' THE WISP (Steve Donoghue).

APRIL THE FIFTH is a doubtful starter

Tipsy-Cake

The "Morning Post" is concerned lest the grant of fiscal autonomy to India is being used to cause her mischief or injury to the Indian people. If such be the case, it says, Britain has the right to revoke the grant. Oh well!! We suppose Britain has the right to revoke anything, even if it hasn't been granted.

* * * *

There's no satisfying these Die-Hards. We suppose the "Morning Post" is not really such a dunderhead as to be unable to distinguish between the Government of India and the people of India. But it has to play at "bogeys" to please the old women of both sexes for whom it caters.

* * * *

All the same it's rather rough on the Government of India to have these nasty things said about it, when it has just done Lancashire a good turn.

* * * *

Disarmament is getting on nicely, thanks. Yesterday we received the gladsome tidings that two new British cruisers were about to be laid down. To-day we are cheered by the news that Italy has just launched one of the speediest ships afloat.

* * * *

This new addition to the world's fighting wonders is a 10,000 ton cruiser with a speed of 36 knots. It will give a nice little flip to the languishing industry of warship building.

* * * *

France will now have to go one better with a 40 knot cruiser and then Britain will get busy designing one to speed at 42 knots an hour. And Sir John Simon will talk learnedly and sanctimoniously about Britain's qualitative and quantitative sacrifices of superstructure to speed. And in the end there will be another war.

* * * *

If you have got an unlicensed revolver that you have been nervously wondering what to do with, you can just go and drop it in the nearest police station and the Government won't say a word.

* * * *

But don't take it to the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court by mistake or you might get 2 years' R. I.

* * * *

It will be interesting to watch the result of this arms' amnesty which the Government of Bombay has thoughtfully promulgated. Will it be like what happened when the schoolmaster told his class that if any boy or boys possessing a 'crib' would voluntarily hand it over, he would not be punished and every boy in the class produced one.

* * * *

British Treasury returns for last week show a deficit of £80,326,338 compared with the deficit one year ago of £82,146,423. The electors will be able to calculate from this how long they must keep the National Government in office to wipe out the deficit.

* * * *

Two thousand professors are assembled at York for the meeting of the British Association. A large number left London for York on Wednesday and "one traditionally absent-minded professor entered the Flying Scotsman, whose first stop is Edinburgh."

His mind may return when the collector asks him for the excess fare and he finds he has left his wallet on the dressing-table.

* * * *

New York workers had the privilege of seeing 95 per cent. of the Solar eclipse on Wednesday, while scientists who had reserved the best seats on the high hills were disappointed by the intervention of dark clouds. Of course, the eclipse was nowhere visible in the British Empire. It wouldn't have beeen considered decent.

* * * *

The All-India XI seemed to be suffering from staleness in the match with Sir Julian Kahn's XI. But they were not going to let the Indian Gymkhana think they hadn't got a knock left in them. Two centuries and a declaration at 343 for 4 provided the necessary demonstration.

* * * *

Yesterday the Evening Edition of the "Chronicle" turned the Government upside down. These things do happen in the most loyal newspaper offices. Fortunately it was the German Government and there's no law against subverting foreign governments.

IMMEDIATE SEPARATION OF SIND DEMANDED

Muslims In Conference Credits Premier With Sincerity But Damns His Award

KARACHI, Sept. 1.

A Conference of leading Muslim of Sind was held this morning Sir Shah Nawaz Khan Bhutto, M. L.C., presided.

Prominent among those present were Khan Bahadur M. Khurro M.L.C., Miran Mahomed Shah M.L.C., Sheik Abdul Majid, M.L.C. and Mr. Ghulamali G. Chagla The proceedinge were in camera. The Conference passed resolution stating that the communal award was wholly unsatisfactory, and whole-heartedly suppoting the resolutions of the All-Parties Muslim Conference held in Delhi

The Conference, while appreciating the sincere efforts of the Premier in accepting the principle of constituting Sind into a separate Province, expressed strong disapproval of leaving the question of the separation of Sind simultaneously with the introduction of Reforms, in abeyance, although there was an unchallengeable case for immediate separation.

About a hundred leading Muslims of Sind were present at the Conference.

ORGANISING THE MUSLIMS.

In view of the questions of separating Sind and forming it into an autonomous province being held in abeyance, the Conference resolved: (1) that a political conference of Muslims be held in Hyderabad, Sind, on November 15 to review the position and appoint Committees in each village of Sind for organising Muslims.

(2) that a permanent fund of one lakh of rupees be collected for furthering the objects.

(3) that a deputation consisting of Sir S. N. Bhuto, Khan Bahadur Khorro, Khan Bahadur Allabux, Syed Miran Mohamed Shah, Sheik Abdul Majid, Khan Bahadur Wali Mahomed and the Hon. Mian Ali Bux, member of the Council of State, should await on his Excellency the Viceroy to present the considered Muslim opinion on the question of separation.

AN ENGLISH DAILY.

(4) that steps be taken to start an English daily.

(5) that 16th September be fixed for the observance of the Sind Separation Day.

A Working Committee of the Conference was appointed for the collection of funds and doing propaganda work.

It is understood that in the course of discussion of the main resolution on the separation of Sind Mr. Ghulamali G. Chagla, ex-President of the Karachi Municipality, while supporting the resolution, advocated joint electorates. Khan Bahadur Khorro denied the Hindu allegation that 50 per cent of Muslims were opposed to separation, and emphatically declared that Muslims were united on this question.—A.P.

TOURISTS DRAW INDIAN GYMKHANA

Home Team Put Up A Good Score

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The match between All-India cricketers and the Indian Gymkhana ended to-day in a draw. The final scores were:—

ALL-INDIA ... 343
(for four declared).
INDIAN GYMKHANA 320

The match between the All-India cricket team and the Indian Gymkhana was resumed today at Osterley Park in fine weather on a good wicket. Liversz and Contractor, continuing their fourth wicket partnership, had raised the total to 181 when Limbdi in the slips caught out Liversz off Naidu for 58 made in two hours. Kureishi who strained his back and retired yesterday, now came on again and added 24 runs to his total, being then run out. The lunch interval was taken at 233 for five, Contractor and D'Avoine being not out with 58 and two respectively.—Reuter's Special.

Indians were obviously a very superior side but considering the strength of the opposition the Gymkhana gave an excellent display. The Cricket was of good quality throughout. When play was resumed after lunch Contractor was dismissed by Naidu when he had taken his individual total to 80. Thereafter there was a collapse, the last four wickets adding only 11 runs between them to the side's total. D'avoine was dismissed through a catch by Nazir Ali off Naidu when he had reached his 50. Seneratne replaced him but was caught by Nazir Ali off Godambe for four. Khan's wicket also fell to Godambe through a catch by Marshell for duck while Lal was dismissed by Naidu through a catch by Naoomal when he had scored seven. The match ended in a draw.

INDIAN GYMKHANA—1st Innings

Malik b Ghulam Mahomed	75
Senanayka c Nazir Ali, b Godambe	5
Gore c Godambe b Naidu	1
Liversz c Limbdi b Naidu	53
Kureishi run out	28
Contractor b Naidu	80
D'Avoine c Nazir Ali b Naidu	50
Seneratne c Nazir Ali b Godambe	4
Salam not out	0
Khan c Marshall b Godambe	0
Lal c Naoomal b Naidu	7
Extras	12
Total	320

Bowling analysis.—Nazir Ali 0|47; Naidu 5|81; Jehangir Khan 0|56; Ghulam Mahomed 1|43; Naoomal 0|20; Godambe 3|48 and Wazir Ali 0|13.

Mr. ALFRED LEWIS, the Engineer-in-Charge of the "Chronicle" Rotary Machine.

Snake-Bite Cured By "Mantras"

RATNAGIRI PEASANT SAVED FROM DEATH

RATNAGIRI, Sept. 1.

Another case of snake-bite, which was given up by the medical profession as a hopeless one, was completely cured by Mr. Athalye, the well-known "mantric" of Ratnagiri last week.

It appears that the man in question—an agriculturist of the village of Parchuri in the Ratnagiri District—was bitten by a poisonous snake known as "Kondar" in these parts. As medical treatment proved of no use, he was brought down here in an unconscious condition. Mr. Athalye then treated the patient with "mantric" water, and within a short time he regained consciousness and was completely cured.—A P.

AMNESTY TO REBEL

RANGOON, Aug. 31.

A Press Communique states that although the rebellion is at an end except for a few rebels who have not yet surrendered or been captured, the amnesty issued by the Government is now extended to October 15, after which it will be withdrawn and all the unsurrendered rebels are formally warned that this is their last chance to take advantage of the amnesty and any rebel surrendering after that date will not benefit by the amnesty.—A P.

COURT SEAL DESTROYED?

Serious Allegations Against European Manager

CIVIL SUIT DECIDED AGAINST MR. WILSON

Serious allegations of defiant and threatening behaviour of a European manager of a well-known city firm are made by bailiffs of the Small Causes Court, who went to carry out an attachment of the Court against him.

The defendant in the suit is alleged to have destroyed the Court seal affixed to his Ford car and threatened to assault the Small Causes Court watchman who was kept to guard the car.

Mr. J. Wilson, the managing director of the Dunlop Rubber Company, residing at Davar's Hall, Warden Road, dismissed his bearer one Dinmohamad who obtained a decree for wages from the Small Causes Court.

THREAT TO ASSAULT?

On July 22, Mr. J. Ben, a Bailiff of the Court, went to Mr. Wilson's residence, to execute the attachment. It is alleged Mr. Wilson rushed at the Bailiff and threatened to assault him if he tried to attach any of his property. In spite of the Bailiff's polite explanation Mr. Wilson continued to behave in an aggressive way and when the Bailiff chained his Ford car and affixed the Court seal Mr. Wilson is alleged to have ordered his chauffeur to break the chain. The Bailiff fearing that Mr. Wilson would not respect the Court's seal lodged an information in Gamdevi Police Station, where the Sub-Inspector on duty took down the complaint.

WATCHMAN PUSHED ASIDE?

After an hour, Mr. Wilson came out of the flat, and it is alleged, pushed aside the watchman of the Small Causes Court, broke the chain and drove away in the car.

The watchman also went to the Police Station and lodged a complaint.

COURT MAKES ENQUIRY.

After weeks of waiting as the Police seemed not to have moved in the matter the authorities of the Small Causes Court sent a letter to the Officer-in-Charge, Gamdevi Police Station inquiring what steps had been taken in the matter. As no reply was received, a reminder was sent to them when the Gamdevi Police sent a reply, saying that they were awaiting the judgment in the Civil Court.

On Thursday the suit against Mr. J. Wilson was reheard by Mr. Chitre, Chief Judge, Small Causes Court and was decided against him.

Messrs. Gulamali and Kapadia appeared for the plaintiff while Khan Bahadur Bilimoria with Mr. Vardhe appeared for the defendant.

Exchange Of Shots Between Police Officer And Accused

RUSTOMALI COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

Man Who Was Discharged In "Mahomed Ali" Road Revolver Hold Up" Case

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A graphic description of the exciting chase including the exchange of revolver shots between the suspect and the Police Officer on the night of July 3 near the J. J. Hospital corner was narrated in the Court of Mr. Oscar Brown, Special Magistrate, Mazagaon, when the case of Rustomli, "the man who shot at Inspector Paul" was taken up for trial.

It will be remembered that during the chase that followed the search of the taxi, the accused got injured and gave out his name as Isuf Embrahim. He was also an accused in the "Mahomedali Road Revolver Hold-up" case from which he was discharged.

COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

The magistrate after hearing the evidence of the prosecution, committed the accused to the Criminal Sessions to stand his trial for attempted murder and carrying fire-arms.

STORY OF CHASE AND REVOLVER SHOTS.

Inspector Robert Paul of the Byculla Police Station giving evidence stated that on July 3, at 10-15 p.m., he came in his car to the corner of the J. J. Hospital to see that the Curfew Order was properly enforced. He sent down some of the police constables and an officer to see that shops that were still open were closed. He stopped some cars which were passing to examine the inmates.

At that moment a car carrying three Muslims came from the Play House side on Grant Road. The Inspector asked the Muslim driver to stop the car and on finding that the occupants did not look respectable asked two constables to search them and the car. The first two Muslims got down and were being searched but the accused did not move from the car and as his movements were suspicious Inspector went nearer the accused. When he was in the rear of the car, he heard shouts of "Bhaga Bhaga" and a shot fired. He saw the accused running towards the Bhendy Bazaar side.

ACCUSED INJURED.

The Inspector also whipped out his revolver and began chasing him. There was a continuous exchange of shots between the police officer and the accused during the chase. In all the Inspector fired six shots and the accused also fired six shots. A bullet from the inspector's revolver entered the left armpit of the accused who fell down after running a few yards. The Inspector found a six-chambered revolver lying near the accused. He was removed in a Victoria to the J. J. Hospital. The police Officer did not receive any injuries.

INSPECTOR PRAISED.

After the police officer's evidence the Magistrate appreciated the pluck and courage of Inspector Paul in having chased the accused knowing that he was being fired at.

Mahomed Dada, one of the three occupants of the taxi giving evidence for the prosecution deposed that he and two others had gone to Juhu that day. They returned at about ten at night and got down at the Grant Road Station. Near the station the accused saw one of his friends and all of them took a taxi to go to their respective places. When they reached the J. J. Hospital junction they were stopped by the police. When the witness and his other companion were being searched, the accused got down the police began to run towards from the car and after firing at the Bhendy Bazaar. He was chased by a police officer and a constable. The witness heard the sound of the exchange of shots.

The police constable and a hotel keeper then gave evidence and corroborated Inspector Paul's evidence.

DOOR AGAINST MUTUAL SETTLEMENT IS NOT SHUT

(Continued from page 1.)

here. I am afraid they do not want it."

DREAM OF UNITY.

"I stand and have always stood in my public career for Islam and for genuine goodwill. I am always for that and no one will ever find that I allowed bitterness to creep in my heart to thwart the dream that I always had of a united India and having full freedom to work out its own life, work for its betterment and the common good of our Motherland."

"As a Muslim I have no option but to advise my brother Muslims and co-workers to accept the award for what it is worth, but to accept it under protest. Take what is being offered and press hard for the rest."

"I believe in the reasonableness of Muslim demands and I still feel that their grant would neither hurt the Hindus nor the other communities."

"The Hindus were wrong to treat us as they have, because we are not organised and I think the British Government have committed the same mistake.

AWARD EXAMINED.

"Let me examine the award, the Frontier Province comes into line with the rest of India and is to be free from the high-handedness of the local officials. That is a clear gain. With the Frontier province I include also Baluchistan. The Punjab is to have a majority of one at least, partly by separate electorate and partly by joint electorates."

"The position as regards Muslims in Bengal is unfair, they ought to get fifty-one seats also."

"As for Sind I believe in the separation of Sind from Bombay. The connection is unnatural and in the past has done more harm than good. Anyone who knows the Sindi Muslims well will endorse the contention that the separation of Sind is absolutely essenial."

If Sind is a deficit province what difference does it make, if either Bombay or the Government of India have to meet it in the interest of the vast majority.

SORRY FOR THE DEPRESSED.

"I am sorry for the Depressed Classes, who deserve more protection, and if I were a Hindu. I would gladly supplement the present representation with more to win the confidence and goodwill of these helpless people, who deserve the help of every strong community.

"I do not want to say more as I have no desire to create bad blood and I may be misunderstood. It is bad enough in all communities. I beg Muslims not to waste time in useless abuse and disunion and to gird up their loins and organise themselves in a way that they may play their part well in the future Government with friendship and amity with all those who are living with them."

IS IT NOT POSSIBLE?

Asked, if he meant by acceptance of the Award to close the door on the possibility of a mutual understanding the Maulana replied: "No. I ask again is it not possible for the Hindus, the Muslims and other minorities to sit together and come to an understanding. Neither separate electorates nor joint electorates are a panacea for our ills. Let us not quarrel over forms but have confidence in one another. After all separate electorates for a limited period are not likely to do much harm to anybody."

"We should be failing in our capacity of evolving a system of government which would be beneficial to the weak and strong alike, if we cannot settle this question. Either the British Cabinet or the united people of India will have to make the decision that the award as it stands does not give us a workable constitution."

"I wish and pray that the defects may be removed by the united wish of the people themselves, so that a new era of peace and prosperity may be ushered in future."

SIND AND FULL AUTONOMY.

"Do you mean Maulana Sahib, when you say that Muslims should take the award for what it is worth, if no mutual inter-communal agreement is possible, that you would accept it without the separation of Sind?"

"No, without the separation of Sind the award will not be accepted."

"And does that also apply to the possibility that the autonomy in the Frontier, the Punjab and Sind will be less than the autonomy conferred on other provinces?"

"If the autonomy in those provinces is not given in full it would not be accepted."

THE PUNJAB SITUATION.

"And what is your view of the situation that has been created in the Punjab by the bitter opposition of the Sikhs and the Hindus to the award?" I asked.

"We must hope," replied the Maulana, "that the bitterness of feeling in the Punjab will die down and that the other communities will realise that the majority of one would not constitute communal rule in the Punjab any more than the majority of, say 85 in the United Provinces, would constitute a Hindu rule."

This ended the interview. I defer my own comments to a future occasion.

COMMUNAL AWARD DISCUSSED

Ajmer Hindu Sabha's Protest

AJMER Sept. 1.

(By Mail).

Under the auspices of the local Hindu Maha Sabha a mass meeting of Hindus was held in the premises of Rolawalas Dharamshala on August 29 when a resolution was unanimously passed strongly protesting against the inequitable allotment of seats and weightage to the Mohammedans much in excess of their population.—A. P.

OFFICIAL TRIBUTE TO DEAD OFFICER

A resolution of the Government of Bombay states:—The Governor in Council has learnt with deep regret the news of the death of Mr. Wilfred Neville Cartland, Superintending Engineer, Northern Sind Circle. It adds that his service of 25 years was marked throughout by industry and conspicuous devotion to duty.

WAR ON TERRORISTS IN BENGAL

Home Member Introduces Bill Arming Authorities With Drastic Powers

AMENDING THE CRIMINAL LAW

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

Without opposition the Bengal Council granted leave to-day to Mr. R. N. Reid, Home Member, to introduce the Bengal Criminal Law Second Amendment Bill.

The motion for the consideration of the Bill was opposed by way of an amendment by Shantisekhareswar Roy who wanted its circulation for the purpose of eliciting public opinion. The Amendment, however, was lost by 69 votes to 22.

The Council then proceeded to discuss the Bill clause by clause. Moving the consideration of the Bill the Home Member said that the Bill consisted of four main clauses, the first of which would enable the Government to appoint a fresh Tribunal for the trial of accused persons whose trial had commenced but had not been completed. The reason for this was to get over the difficulties which had occurred in connection with the Chittagong Armoury Raid Case.

The second clause was in connection with Section 30 I.P.C. which made death one of the penalties which can be inflicted by Special Tribunals in cases of trials for offences which came under the first part.

SECTION 307 I.P.C.

This enhanced the penalty for the crime of attempted murder in cases of terrorism. The penalty therefore should be the same for the murderer and one who attempted to murder but failed in the attempt.

The third clause is divided into two parts, the first of which is designed to make more secure the work of men who are sitting on Special Tribunals as Commissioners and for the security of those who are present in the court.

Then there are certain additions which have been made to the first schedule of the existing act which is obviously needed to fill up a certain gap.—

BILL PASSES.

By 55 votes to 18 the Bengal Criminal Law Second Amendment Bill as amended was passed by the Bengal Council at to-day's sitting after nearly five hours deliberation.

Of several amendments moved to were carried. They were at the instance of the Home Member.

Following the rejection of the motion for circulation the discussion centered mainly round the provision in the Bill empowering the Special Tribunal to inflict sentence of death or transportation for life on an accused guilty of terrorist outrages in the case of an attempt to murder.

There were several non-official motions to reduce his power and ultimately the amendment of Mr. N. K. Basu which sought to give power to the Special Tribunal to inflict such sentences of death or transportation for life in the case of an attempt at murder only, where the assailant had succeeded in causing hurt to his victim, was pressed to a division. Government opposed this amendment which was lost by 59 votes to 36.

The discussion then proceeded on clauses of the bill relating to procedure and all the amendments moved by non-officials were either lost without a division or were withdrawn.

The Council then adjourned till to-morrow when the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Bill will be taken up for consideration.—A.P.

MADRAS FORGERY CASE

—:o:—

Absconder Arrested

MADRAS, Sept. 1.

Lakshmi Kantham, the accused in the forgery case, who made a dramatic disappearance from the High Court premises during the closing stages of his sessions trial and for whose arrest Rs. 250 reward was offered, was arrested this afternoon in a Koravar's hut in North George Town.

One of the Koravars informed the police that a man was hiding in the hut whereupon a Sub-Inspector hurried to the spot and arrested him.

The man was produced before the Police Commissioner and remanded to custody.—A.P.

Travancore Maharaja's Busy Day In City

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Maharaja of Travancore had a busy day to-day. His Highness visited Umarkhadi Childrens' Home Bombay Presidency Women's Council Rescue Home, King Edward Memorial Hospital and Naoroji Wadia Maternity Home. Tea party was given in honour of His Highness in evening by Mr. P. M. Kanga at Willingdon Sports Club which Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar also attended.—A. P.

"PREPARED TO FACE ENQUIRY"

Millowner Defends Working Of Managing Agency System In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1.

The Tariff Board concluded today hearing the evidence of representatives of the Ahmedabad Millowners Association, headed by Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, who said that they were prepared so to arrange their sales of yarn if the import duty on yarn was retained, that the handloom weaver could get yarn at a cheap price. Government might introduce a bill by which mills enjoying protection might not profiteer in yarn.

The President remarked that it was administratively impossible to do so. The import duty on yarn placed a great burden on the handloom weaver.

Sheth Kasturbhai replied that they were anxious to supply the needs of their country for yarn as well as cloth. Certain mills were spinning yarn as good in quality as foreign yarn.

PREPARED TO FACE ENQUIRY.

Sheth Kasturbhai said that they were prepared to face any enquiry into the working of the managing agency system in Ahmedabad. No mill agent in Ahmedabad was connected directly or indirectly with cotton purchases. Except a few the rest of the mill agents were not connected with stores business or insurance. The Ahmedabad mill agent had a large stake in his concern, so that if his concern failed, he would be completely ruined. There was the instance of a mill agent speculating in cotton who had come to jail and was reduced to beggary. If a mill agent mismanaged or misbehaved, he would not get public support in the shape of deposits or share capital.

FULL SWADESHI.

Sheth Kasturbhai admitted that though the system of commission on sales worked very well in Ahmedabad, the system of commission on profits was the bounder one. Ahmedabad mills placed in the market products that were guaranteed to be fully swadeshi. They also encouraged other Swadeshi concerns by purchasing their goods. Their relations with labour were cordial. In Ahmedabad all their disputes were submitted to arbitration and the arbitrators' award was binding on both sides. The Millowners' Association as well as the Labour Union took steps to get their members to enforce the awards of arbitrators even if they were unacceptable to them. They had not, however, so far succeeded in enforcing any scheme for raising the efficiency of labour, for fear of displacing the existing labour, which labour disliked.

NOT LIKE BOMBAY MILLS.

In reply to a question whether they dreaded displacement of labour, although they erected half a dozen new mills every year in Ahmedabad, Seth Kasturbhai said: "Our measure of progress is not to be judged by the number of chimneys but by the number of spindles and looms. Our mills are small factories as compared with the Bombay Mills.

PLEA FOR LONGER PERIOD OF PROTECTION.

Concluding, Seth Kasturbhai pleaded for protection for a sufficiently long time, say ten years, as in the case of the sugar industry. "We are proud," he said, "of the protection granted to the sugar industry, whereby sugar factories are cropping up in every part of the country."—A.P.

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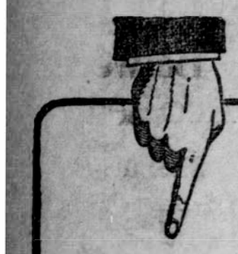

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POONA RACES

Big Meeting 1st Day

HORSES LEFT IN

THE LINCOLN PLATE.
Distance—6 Furlongs. Division I.
Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,900; third, Rs. 500.
A Handicap for Horses in Class III.
Rossauter 9-0; Poland 8-13, Billy Button 8-13; Glowing Embers 8-11; Vendor 8-11; Shri Ganesh 8-8; Away 8-6; Knight's Adventure 8-5; Hero Worship 813
THE LINCOLN PLATE.
Distance 6 Furlongs. Division II.
Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.
A Handicap for Horses in Class III.
Redeswater 9-0; Roi de Montagne 8-8; Vesington Planet 8-6; Mountain Dancer 8-4; Inquisitor 8-0; Dandy Brush 7-13; Silverite 7-12; Qui Vive 7-12; Fine Knight 7-10; Kirkoswald 7-9; Royal Portrait 7-9.
THE POONA ARAB STAKES.
Distance 1-1/2 Miles.
Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 750; third, Rs. 250.
For Arabs which have not won a race value Rs. 2,000 or over previous to 31st March, 1932.
W. A. reduced 5 lbs.
Penalties. Winners after 31st March, 1930, of a race value Rs. 1,500 or over, once 4 lbs.; twice 7lbs.; oftener, 12 lbs. Winners of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 8,000 or over, 7lbs. in addition to the above penalties.
Allowances—Maidens 4 lbs.; Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs. Arabs landed on or after 1st July, 1932, direct from the country of foaling. 4 lbs. in addition to any landing allowance.
Prince Charlie 9-5; Dhiyanur 9-2; Yafar 9-2; Misyer 8-12; Kurdi 8-12; Bill Agil 8-12; Bulbul Hazar 8-12; Jewel 8-12; Quinze 8-11; Bayabo 8-11; Waheed 8-7; Badruzaman 8-7; Falcon 8-7; Muhaisip 8-7; Hardinge 8-7; Salfa 8-2; Hamdi 6-0; Daham Pasha 7-11; Broker 7-11; Faraj 7-10.
THE ALL INDIA PRODUCE STAKES.
Distance—7 Furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 4,500; second Rs. 1,500; third, Rs. 750.
For Indian Horses three, four and five years old only (i.e. Horses foaled in 1929 1928 and 1927).
3 years old ... Colts to carry 7st. 8 lbs.; Fillies and Geldings 7st. 5 lbs.
4 years old ... Colts to carry 8st. 10 lbs. Fillies and Geldings 8st. 7lbs.
4 years old ... Horses ..... 9st. 9st. 1 lb; Mares and Geldings 8st. 12 lbs.
Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1930, of a race value Rs 4,000 or over once 4 lbs.; twice 7 lbs. 12 lbs. Winners after the above date of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 10,000 or over 4 lbs.; of Rs. 15,000 or over 7 lbs in addition to the above penalties
Veena 8-12; Tangiers 8-11; Tout-a-Coup 8-10; Fashion 8-10; Sky Rocket 8-7; Spring Song 8-7; Naring 8-7; Rosewater 7-8; Heather Belle 7-5; Princess 8-7; Saloon 7-8; Ratheen 8-7; Johnnie Walker 8-7; Sentinel 7-5; Poetry 8-7; Cheer Up 7-3; Pomagne 7-5.
THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE.
Distance—1-1/4 Miles.
Winner, Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,500; third, Rs. 500.
For Arabs imported direct from the country of foaling on or after 1st July, 1931.
W. A. reduced 7 lbs.
Penalties—Winners after 31st March 1931, of a race value Rs 2,000 or over, once 4 lbs. twice 7 lbs.; oftener 10 lbs. Winners after the above date, of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 10,000 or over. 4 lbs.; of Rs. 15,000 or over, 7 lbs. in addition to above penalties.
Arabs in Class I to carry 7 lbs. extra.
Allowances—Arabs which have not won a race value Rs. 2,500 or over 4 lbs. or a race value Rs. 1,500 or over, 7lbs. Maidens, 10 lbs. Ponies, 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.
Hamiyah 9-3; Dhiyanur 9-0; Jaibachi 9-0; Rushdi 8-6; Arab Queen 8-5; Talha 7-11; Azroom 7-10; Mawsufa 7-8; Hakim Pasha 7-7; Al Capone 7-7; Zareef 7-7; Hattamtai 7-7; Prince 7-4; Kanzalraman 7-1; Thaboor 6-6.
THE TRIAL PLATE
Distance — 1 Mile. Winner Rs. 10,000; Second Rs. 3,000; Third Rs. 2,000. For Horses.
W. A. & C. reduced 10 lbs.
Penalties—Winner of a race after 31st March, 1929, value Rs. 15,000 or over, 7 lbs. extra; or of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 20,000 or over, 7 lbs., extra; or of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 30,000 or over, 9 lbs. extra; or of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 75,000 or over, 14 lbs. extra. Not cumulative.
Allowances—Maidens, 3 years old, 5 lbs.; Maidens, 4 years old and upwards 9 lbs.
Buland 9-7; Costaki Pasha 9-0; Tel Asur 9-7; Crusty 9-1; Welcome Gift 9-0.
THE CRITERION.
Distance—7 furlongs. Winner, Rs. 8,000; Second Rs. 2,600; Third Rs. 1,400. For Horses which have not won a race value Rs. 5,000 or over, after 31st March, 1930.
W. A. & C. reduced 14 lbs.
Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1930, of a race value Rs. 4,000 or over, once 4 lbs., twice 7 lbs., oftener, 12 lbs. Winners after the above date, of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 10,000 or over. 4 lbs. of Rs. 15,000 or over, 7 lbs in addition to the above penalties.
Allowance—Maidens, 5 lbs.
Iran 9-0; Chivalresque 8-13; Four Kings -10; Radhapyari II 8-3; Farimage 8-6; Lochmore 7-0 Gay Day 8-3; Phare 8-3; Thaxted 8-3 Clenalmond 8-2; Gareon 8-2; Ado 8-2; Ootman 8-2; Michette 7-0
THE BALDOYLE PLATE
Distance—6 furlongs. Winner Rs. 5,000; Second Rs. 1,700; Third Rs. 800.
A Handicap for Horses in Classes II.
Saxpence 9-0; Belief 8-2; Charmaine 8-13; Aveline 8-11; Quincy 7-12; Long Reign 8-11; Glen Gowan 8-0; Soft Drink 8-9; The Blinking Duke 8-9; Puffin 8-5; Jonathan 8-4; Freeman 8-3; Hillcot 8-1; Great Pearl 8-1; Broken Link 8-1; Moyola 8-0; Radha, yari II 7-13; La Rixe 7-6; Wrigley's Gum 7-11; Tinder Gee 7-7.

"CAUGHT RED-HANDED"

Two Alleged Pickfockets Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.
Smart arrest of two "pickpockets" was made by the Railway Police on the overbridge of the Bombay Central. The accused were alleged to have been caught in the act of cutting the inside pocket of a passenger and relieving him of cash. The theft was so adroitly committed that the victim was quite unaware that he was being robbed.
The arrested men were placed before Mr. I.N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Fourth Court today. They were Adam Ismail, a boy of 12 and Ismail Hussain aged 25.
"CAUGHT IN THE ACT."
The Railway Police in asking for a remand of the accused into custody stated that they were caught red-handed, when they committed theft of cash from the coat-pocket of one Nevin. A third accomplice of the accused absconded and the police wanted time to trace him.
The Magistrate ordered the first accused to be remanded into the Children's Home till September 5, and the second accused was remanded to police custody.

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Poona Training News

COSTAKI PASHA'S SMART GALLOP

(From Our Racing Correspondent.)
The track was heavy on Tuesday and Wednesday, but horses were galloped all the same:—
KUMBAK (Malone) galloped a mile on the tan. Fit and well.
GLENALMOND (Malone) and BRAY BEAU (Peck) galloped an easy mile on the race track. They are well.
TEL ASUR (Reynolds) and LONG REIGN (Brace) galloped seven furlongs on the race track. It was a smart gallop and Tel-Asur finished well.
FOUR KINGS (Obaid) went an easy mile. Well.
BULAND (A. C. Walker) and QUINCY (R. Boy) galloped a mile on the tan. Buland was better. (Heavy going.)
COSTAKI PASHA (A. C. Walker) and EL DRABUE (Khalil) galloped an easy mile on the race track. The former won by a couple of lengths. (Heavy going)
SEATON ROSS (Kirby) MIX UP (Bullock) and PUFFIN (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the tan. Seaton Ross was the last.
OOTMAN (Walker) and NIJINSKI (R. Boy) galloped an easy four furlongs on the race track. Both moved well.
THE NILE (Brace) and SAXPENCE (R. Boy) galloped an easy five furlongs on the race track. The former is in fine fettle.
QUI VIVE (Bullock) and PUFFIN (Kirby) galloped five furlongs on the race track. They finished together.
POLAND (Dillon) and DANDY BRUSH (Sattar) galloped an easy five furlongs on the race track. Both are well.
GARCON (S. Black) and GLEN GOWAN (R. Boy) galloped an easy six furlongs on the race track. The former moved very well.
AWAY (Reynolds) and BROKEN LINK (Selby) galloped six furlongs on the sand. Away won by a short margin.
KILLEAGER (Selby) and STAGE STRUCK (Reynolds) galloped six furlongs on the race track. They finished about level and are fit and well.
FREEMAN (Stokes) and HILLCOT (Hill) galloped an easy five furlongs on the race rack. Freeman won by a couple of lengths.
CHARMAINE (Bowley) and DOUCEASE (Maurise) galloped an easy mile. The former won easily.
DAN LENO (Peck) galloped six furlongs on the race track. Fit and well.
MONREALE (Bowley) and THE MINT (Maurice) galloped an easy mile on the race track. Fair.
WOVEN (C. Hoyt) and PRINCE ARTHUR (R. Boy) galloped an easy mile. Woven was better.
MOUNTAIN DANCER (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs on the tan. (Heavy going).
SALOON (Evans) and PRINCESS (R. Boy) did pace work over seven furlongs on the race track. They are well.
RATHEEN (Meherji) and JOHNNIE WALKER (Brace) galloped an easy five furlongs on the race track. Ratheen was better.
SPRING SONG (Selby) CRANEUR (Brace) and EDA (Reynolds) galloped five furlongs on the race track. This was a smart gallop and the first two finished well.
CHEER UP (R. Boy) and FLASH ROSE (R. Boy) went an easy six furlongs. Fair.
ROSEWATER (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs. Fit and well.
DHIYANUR (Wallace) and THE KNAVE (Marrable) went an easy six furlongs on the tan. Both are well.
KANZALZAMAN (R. Boy) and BROKER (R. Boy) galloped ten furlongs on the sand. The former was better.
ISFAN (R. Boy) galloped ten furlongs on the tan. A fair gallop.
MISYER (Dillion) galloped an easy tan furlongs on the race track. Well.
SHINIAR (R. Boy) and WAALIM (Selby) galloped an easy mile on the race track. Fit horses.
SALFA (R. Boy) and HAMDI (R. Boy) galloped ten furlongs. Salfa was better.
BULBUL HAZAR (Marrable) and AZROOM (R. Boy) galloped a mile and a half on the sand. They finished together.
HAMIYAH (Reynolds) galloped nine furlongs on the sand. This was a smart galllop.
PRINCE (S. Black) beat NARANJI (P. Singh) in a nine furlongs, gallop on the sand.
VERSHAN (R. Boy) galloped an easy nine furlongs on the sand.
ARAB QUEEN (Obaid) galloped ten furlongs. Fair.
THABOOR (Fletcher) and a stable companion galloped a mile on the race track. Thaboor was better.

Motive Of Playing "Practical Joke"

ECHO OF MISSING AIRMAN HOAX CASE

Accused's Appeal To High Court Admitted

Bombay, Thursday.
Mr. Justice Patkar and Mr. Justice Barlee, on the appellate side of the High Court, admitted the appeal of Homi Vakil, alias Minoo Bharucha, who was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who convicted him of cheating in connection with the hoax he had played on the family of the missing Parsee Aviator, Dadi Pherozshah Jijibhai.
The facts are that on June 7th the aviator left in his aeroplane and has been missing ever since. Ten days later, the accused went to the house of Dady P. Jijibhai, a cousin of the aviator and the complainant in this case, and falsely told them that he had seen the aviator in a wounded condition some distance from Bombay. Misled by his story, the aviator's family started on a vain search for the lost man, and returned disappointed. In connection with this the accused was charged with cheating and sentenced as above.
"A PRACTICAL JOKE"
In his petition to the High Court the accused put forward a new story to explain his conduct. He stated that some members of the complainant's family whom he knew very well had played "a dirty trick" on him at the Club earlier in the year. Hence the accused went there with the idea of playing an equally practical joke on them in retaliation, never expecting any subsequent developments. Accused never intended to include the revered mother of the aviator in this, but while narrating his story the lady joined in the group. And as soon as the accused came to know her identity, he tried to withdraw and on pretence of being hungry wanted to go away. But the family insisted on his taking the food there, and the accused had to proceed with his story. The accused stressed the point of being rewarded" by way of colouring his vivid story." But he never demanded money or reward in advance.
The accused, proceeding, stated that he took them out in cars with a view to get an opportunity to slip away in the jungles at night.
GROUNDS OF APPEAL
In his grounds of appeal, the accused stated that the Magistrate was wrong in holding that he had some object of demanding money in advance, if his suggestion of bringing the lost aviator in a cart was accepted. The accused was an educated man, and belonged to a respectable family and had his own private means of subsistence. Apart from taking revenge as explained above, he had no other motive. All he wanted to do was to make the members of the family and the club look foolish, through newspaper publicity, after leading them through a wild goose chase, and ending there.
'FREAK VAGARY"
If the complainant was embarrassed or put to expense by his hoax, his proper place of remedy was the civil court. The accused had already expressed his deep regret to the aviator's mother. With regard to his previous conviction, the accused stated that it was more in the nature of a "freak vagary" than a criminal offence. He was fined Rs. 40 for putting on a naval officers' uniform in a fancy dress ball.

a

We should like you to come and see some *new EDSU materials.*

Some of the latest EDSU products just out from the mills are now on sale in our shops.

***Shadutine*—A particularly hard-wearing suiting in ten main shades, and using the fashionable new shadow stripe.**

***Shaduline*—Another shadow-stripe cloth, but woven as a soft shirting. Supplied in many lovely shades.**

***Three new qualities for dresses.* These are marvellous materials,—we are most proud of them.**

ALSO

the first designs of our new cheap CRETONNES at Re: 1/9 a yd.!

A special Bargain is a new medium quality shirting at Annas 4/6 a yard.

This quality is sold in other shops at 8 annas!

EDSU FABRICS

9, Forbes Street, Fort,
67, Esplanade Road, Fort,
340 B, Victoria Gardens Road, Byculla,
Opposite G. I. P. Railway Institute, Parel,

East Street, Opposite Muratore's, POONA.

Best and Cheapest Soap
for DAILY BATH & TOILET
HIMANI TURKISH

made from purest material in up-to-date machinery. Laboratory tested.

Himani Bakul 3 tablets in a Box
TRIPTI BATH six large Tablets

in six different colours and odours.
These are really superior to imported Soaps but cheaper in price. Ask your dealer
made by **HIMANI** CALCUTTA.
Sole distributors for Bombay:—
POPATLAL GHELABHOY & CO.,
104, Chuckla Street, Bombay No. 3.
Local distributors:—
Messrs. SHAH BROTHERS, AHMEDABAD.
JAWHAR CO-OPERATIVE STORES, BHAVNAGAR.

FREE FROM ANIMAL FATS.
CONTAINS NO LARD & NO OTHER ANIMAL OIL OR FAT.
THE GREAT HERBAL BALM
Zam Buk
FOR CUTS BRUISES BURNS SCALDS SPRAINS PILES PIMPLES ECZEMA BAD LEGS ULCERS RINGWORM CHAPPED HANDS RASHES SORES INSECT BITES CHAFINGS CHILBLAINS RHEUMATISM COLD SORES
UNEQUALLED for SPORTSMEN
"RUB IT IN"
AS AN EMBROCATION
Proprietors

THE WORLD'S GREATEST **SKIN-CURE**

THIS marvellous herbal healing balm—ZAM-BUK, by its rapid cures of all manner of skin troubles has astonished the medical world.

Applied to itching, eruptive skin or any ulcer, sore or wound, Zam-Buk gives wonderful and speedy results. It swiftly ends pain, kills poisonous germs, removes inflammation, and grows new skin. Zam-Buk is medicinally pure and is guaranteed free from animal fats.

Use Zam-Buk for all skin injured, sore or diseased.

Re. One a box or Rs. 2-4 family size. All medicine vendors.

For CUTS, SORES, ULCERS ETC.

Agents:—Messrs. Kemp & Co., Ltd., Charni Road, Bombay.

ALIGHTING FROM MOVING LORRY

Leads To Fatal Accident

BOMBAY, Thursday.
While attempting to alight from a moving lorry on Tuesday night, Devidas Baran (40) employed in the G.I.P. Railway met with an accident and sustained serious injuries. The lorry was proceeding along Victoria Garden Road when Devidas jumped out and dashed against an iron fencing. He was removed to the G.I.P. Railway Hospital, where he succumbed to his injuries. The City Coroner will hold an enquiry to-morrow.

Hindu Youth Knocked Down By Train

—:o:—
Bombay, Thursday
Raghunandan Parl a Hindu youth aged 16 was knocked down by a local train at Sewree this morning. He sustained a fracture of the skull and died on the spot. The inquest has been adjourned till tomorrow.

SPECULATIVE SUPPORT WITHDRAWN IN NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

General Selling Movement Prior To Bureau Report

TECHNICAL SITUATION IMPROVING

Bombay, September 1.

The New York cotton futures market early advanced on higher Liverpool advices but reacted later on long liquidation and Southern Hedge selling.

TECHNICALS IMPROVING.

Excessive excitement which recently prevailed in American cotton prices is now becoming quiet pending the Bureau report. It is doubted whether the Bureau report will show material reduction in the total production. In the meantime speculative support is temporarily withdrawn and prices are declining under general selling. The market is correcting overbought condition and the technical situation is now improving.

BULLS AND BEARS.

The general opinion seems now divided and Bulls and Bears are viewing the situation to suit their interests.

AUTUMNAL DIP.

Bears are laying more stress on the usual "Autumnal Dip" During this period heavy hedge selling is daily fored upon market which generally depresses prices. It is stated that Banks in America have resolved not to make full advances on unhedged cotton. This decision is likely to induce fairly large hedge selling.

ELECTION YEAR.

This is the year of "Election" in the United States of America and unusually business activity recedes considerably before the election. This view indicates that during October there will be slow progress and speculative activity will be greatly curtailed.

SMALL CROP.

Bulls on the other hand fully believes that the crop is decidedly a small one. At present the prospects are a little under 11 million bales. This means, the total production will be about 2-1|2 million bales smaller than the word's annual consumption of American cotton. This state will considerably reduce the overwhelming supply of raw material.

MONEY SUPPLY.

With the improvement in commodity prices, the general buying capacity increases and helps slow but steady reovery of trade. The textile industry had passed through most trying times during the past three years and a change has set in. Supply of money is large at cheaper rates of interest. There is now adequate expansion in credit. Great constructive measures are being thought of every day and there are signs of return of confidence

TRADE CYCLES.

We have always periods of expansions and depressions and the present depression will soon be a past one. There is always an end to everything and the present depression cannot be everlasting. Cotton prices declined to undue low levels owing to overproduction is now considerably reduced and with the improvement in general trade, consumption of cotton will also improve.

With these ideas at present cotton prices are trying to find out their due level. There is more inclination to buy at lower levels. It is this inclination which is expected to sustain prices.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 9 points in sympathy with higher Liverpool advices. There was increased buying a t this level which resulted in further improvement and prices touched the highest level of the day during the first half an hour with October showing a rise of 24 points at 8.86.

At this level there was heavy speculative unloading influenced by weakness in stocks. Hedge selling was also in evidence and the market closed at about the lowest level of the day at a net decline of 33 to 29 points. Spot cotton prices declined 30 points at 8.40c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 32 to 33 points. Spot cotton prices declined 35 points at 8.20c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 11 points with scattered buying. Traders were inclined to follow long side and selling on Japanese account was well absorbed, prices steadily recovering during the day. Good proportion of trading represented evening up commitments. The market closed steady at a rise of 6 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 21 points at 6.72d.

INDIANS AND EGYPTIANS

East Indian cotton futures ruled steady and advanced 4 points while Egyptian cotton prices closed at a rise of 10 to 3 points.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy on heavy long liquidation and closed at a decline of 46 to 33 points.

CO-OPERATION.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee's Liverpool friends in the market letter received by mail state that better development in business generally including textiles has has been very evident in U. S. Securities and Wheat, and Cotton which was dragged down by the two markets in their long decline, very justly shares in their appreciation. The crop and the Bureau Report dominate the immediate future, but eventually political developments will be found to be more important. We believe the world is slowly realising the necessity for compromise and co-operation.

BULL CLIQUE HOLLDS 4 MILLION BALES.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co.. state:—

"Notwithstanding a considerable amount of buying on foreign account chiefly replacing recent sales, prices relapsed on rather more favourable weekly weather report than expected. A private cable from America states the bull Syndicate has been able to liquidate only about 10 lakhs bales leaving holding of about 40 lakhs bales and seems very anxious to reduce further in anticipation of Smaller Spot requirements from Japan, Germany and prolongation of the strike in Lancashire.

We prefer moderate purchases on all declines as our Liverpool friends still expect higher prices in the long run."

PRIVATE CABLES.

New York October Highest 8.86 (10-35 a.m.) lowest 8.52 (at the close).

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co., have received the following cables:—

10 a.m. "Think sold-out longs might replace at the decline New York advices optimistic in the long run."

9-30 p.m.:—"Decline caused by stop orders being reached, speculative selling. Weekly weather report better than expected. We prefer to buy at the decline."

Messrs. Breul and Co., have received the following cable dated 31st ultimo (5-14 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Recommend profit-taking on all strong markets before Bureau as present prices discount very big reduction."

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

9-11 a.m.: Excessive heat in the Eastern belt. Light to moderate rainfall in Teras. Entire belt partly cloudy.

11-14 a.m.: Quieter; less pressure; steady.

12-19 p.m.: Between midnight and daylight warm, no precipitation.

3-30 p.m.: We think well of making a straddle by buying Liverpool Sakel March and selling Liverpool American March

8-55 p.m.: Heavy long liquidation on reaction in Stocks. Weekly Government Weather Report: Rather unfavourable.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., rave received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool.—Market nervous at the advance. This morning's sellers bought this afternoon. Crop accounts are somewhat better.

Liverpool.—Weekly weather indicates some improvement crop prospect Eastern Belt parts Texas Conservative opinion now doubts if next Bureau will show reduction yield generally anticipated.

New York General selling movement owing to overbought market. Support being withdrawn by speculative interests. Market will probably not go much lower. Spot demand good. Crop advices continue unfavourable. Dry goods reports encouraging.

New York.—Weekly weather less unfavourable than anticipated Active liquidation. Stop loss selling. Hedging. Technical position improved.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York August 31

October	8.32—30
December	8.50—31
January, 1933	8.57—33
March, 1933	8.72—32
May 1933	8.83—32
July 1933	8.93—29
Middling Spot	8.40—30

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York August 31

October	8.32—32
December	8.49—33
Middling Spot	8.20—35

New York August 31
New York 10.55 a.m.
(As known in Liverpool at closing time)

October	8.82
January	9.06
March	9.04
New York, Noon Call	
October	8.51
January	8.72
March	8.87

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTIC
New York August 31

Day's Receipts at all U.S.A. Ports 22,000 bales
Day's Exports to Great Britain 2,900 bales
Day's Exports to the Continent 40,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
LIVERPOOL, Aug. 31.

	Opening	Closing
September 1932		6.55+.06
October 1932	6.41	6.56+.06
November 1932		6.55+.05
December 1932		6.55+.05
January 1933	6.63	6.56+.05
February 1933		6.58+.05
March 1933	6.46	6.60+.05
April 1933		6.62+.05
May 1933	6.52	6.64+.04
June 1933		6.66+.04
July 1933		6.68+.04
August 1933		6.69+.04
September 1933		6.70
Middling Spot		6.72—.21

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, August 31.

Sakellaridis, October	8.76
November	8.82
January, 1933	8.93
March 1933	9.03
December	8.84
May 1933	9.13
July	9.23
F.G.F. Spot	8.90

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, August 31.

Broach, Fully Good (Good Staple)	6.20
Fine (Good Staple)	6.32
Superfine (Good Staple)	6.44
C.P. Oomra, Good (No. 1 Staple)	6.31
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	6.46
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	6.61
Bengal, Good	5.38
Fully Good	5.48
Fine	5.58
Scinde, Fully Good	5.48
Fine	5.58
Superfine	5.63

WHEAT BALTIC EXCHANGE
LONDON, August 31

Rozario Sanao Fe. per 64 lb. cargoes, 27 Sep/Oct sellers
Barletta Russo per 64 lb cargoes 27 September sellers
Wheat South Australian Parcels 28|6 Af;oat sellers.
Wheat Choice White Karachi Parcels, No offer.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
LONDON, August 31

Java Sugar. Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25
C & L Calcutta
Aug/Sept per cwt 8/0-3/4 sellers
C & F Bombay
Aug/Sept per cwt. 8/-1/4 sellers
C & F Karachi
July/Aug per cwt. 8/1-1/4 sellers

LONDON GOLD.
London, August 31

Bars Gold Fine per oz. 85'18.10

BOMBAY BULLION MARKET

—:o:—

Increased Selling On Weak Shanghai Cross-Rate

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

Yesterday the London Silver Market closed 1/8d. down at 18 7/16d. India was a small buyer but America and China sold.

The New York Silver Market closed barely steady and closed spot prices 1/8 cent. down at 28 5/8 cents while September prices declined 29 points at 28.81 c.

Shanghai T. T. on London opened to-day at 1.9 11/16 but closed easy at 1.9 7/16.

In the local market Bhadarna delivery opened at Rs. 57/1 and declined to Rs. 56/12 on selling by Bazar operators on easier Chinese cables. The undertone of the market easy.

Gc market was rather steady but business was restricted.

Ready Silver	56	8	0
Bhadarva Delivery	56	12	0
Aso Delivery	57	2	0
Bhadarva Tejimandi	1	5	0
Aso Tejimandi	2	5	0
Gold Ready	29	4	6
Covereigns Ready	18	7	0
Aso Delivery	18	7	6

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 1.

B. C. Rate T. T. 1/6 1/16
B. C. Rate D. D. 1/6 1/16
LONDON:—
Banks Selling T. T. 1/6 3/32 November.
Banks Selling D. D. 1/6 3/32.
Banks Selling T. T. 1/6 1/16 Dec./Jany.
Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 5/32
Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/16
Banks Buying 3 Months 1/6 1/4 Sept./December.
Banks Buying 3 Months 1/6 7/32 January/February.
Banks Buying 3 Months.
NEW YORK:—
B. C. Rate T. T. 383
Banks Selling T. T. 381
Banks Buying T. T. 379
PARIS:—
Banks Selling D. D. 632
Banks Buying D. D. 682
AMSTERDAM:—
Banks Selling D. D. 64 3/4
JAPAN:—
Banks Selling T. T. 88
Banks Buying 60 Days 84.
HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D. D. 92 3/8
SHANGHAI:—
Banks Selling D. D. 121
SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D. D. 154 1/8
JAVA:—
Banks Selling D. D. 65
New York/London 3.47 31st ultimo.
Shanghai/London 1/9 11/16 1st instant.
Japan/London 1/3 5/3 31st ultimo.
London/Paris 88.45 31st ultimo.
London/Belgium 25.00 31st ulto.
London/Switzerland 17.90 31st ultimo.
London/Italy 67.60 31st ulto.
London/Berlin 14.58 31st ulto.
London/Holland 8.62 31st ulto.
London/Stockholm 19.48 31st ulto.
London/New York 3.46 3/4 31st ulto.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm.
Gold £5-18-8 30th ultimo; £5-18-10 31st ulto.
Silver London Ready 18 9/16 30th ulto.; 18 7/16 31st ulto.
Silver London Forward 18 11/16 30th ulto.; 18 1/2 31st ulto.
Silver New York Ready 29 30th ulto.; 28 7/8 31st ulto.
London Discounts 3 Months 25/32 per cent. 30th ulto. 23/32 per cent. 31st ulto.
London Discounts 6 Months 1 3/16 per cent. 30th ulto. 1 5/32 per cent. 31st ulto.
Imperial Bank Rote 4 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 3/4 per cent; 3 Months 2 per cent.; 6 Months 2 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

CROP ESTIMATE.

The New York Journal of Commerce estimates condition 59.5 per cent. indicating a total crop 11,924,000 bales American Cotton.

AMERICAN COTTON

Daily Weather

East:—Temperatures ranged from 72 to 98 degrees. Weather was mostly clear.

Central:—Temperatures ranged from 72 to 98 degrees. Weather was mostly clear.

West:—Temperatures were from 64 to 98 degrees. Weather was mostly clear. Chief falls were:—Elpaso 1|10 inch, San Antonio 2|5 inches, Corpus Christi 1|10 inch. and Rosewell 3|5 inches.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Aug. 31.

	£
Chartered Bank of I. A. & C.	13-1/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Registrar)	114
P. & O. Banking Corporation	7-1/4
National Bank of India	40-1/4
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	108-1/8
Conversion Loan 3½ p.c.	98
Rupee Paper 3½ p.c.	51
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	67-3/4
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. Sterling Loan	78-3/4
Indian Stock 4½ p.c. Sterling Loan	101
Consols 2½ p.c.	71-7/8
War Loan 5 p.c.	102
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	105-3/8

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.
Bombay. Sept. 1.

Linseed May delivery	7	4	6
Linseed Sept. delivery	6	9	0
Wheat May delivery	5	7	6
Wheat Sept delivery	5	7	0
Castorseed May	36	0	0
Cottonseed May	4	3	0
Groundnuts Sept.	40	8	0
Groundnuts Feb.	36	0	0
Teelseed Dec.	9	2	0
Gram Punjab	32	0	0
Mawraseed	4	12	0
Myrabollams	21	0	0
Poppyseed	9	4	0

LONDON METAL.
London, Aug. 31.

	£
Copper Brazlers	45-1/4
Yellow Metal	38-1/2
Soelter Hard Indian Brands	14-7/8
Corrugat Sheet 24 gauge	9-1/4
Tin English Ingot	150

Bombay Cotton

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

The local forward cotton market opened as expected at Rs. 246/4 for Broach A./M. delivery in sympathy with an overnight decline of 32 points in New York futures.

At the opening there was scattered short covering and prices improved annas eight to Rs. 246-12 At this level the demand was satisfied and the market developed weaker tone. Nervous longs sure liquidating and prices eased off to Rs. 243/8.

The market displayed better tone and Bazar operators supported prices which recovered to Rs. 244/12.

Later, the market became firm on increased buying by Mahajan operators and prices rose to Rs. 246/4 before the receipt of Liverpool cables.

The Liverpool Market was due to open at a decline of 30 to 34 points on parity with last New York close but it opened firm at a decline of 23 points only. This news influenced further buying and prices advanced to Rs. 247/8 but reacted again suddenly on heavy selling influenced by easier Liverpool cables which showed a fall of 32 points. Prices in the local market collapsed to Rs. 242/8 but slightly improved and closed at 5.30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A./M. 244/8
Comra D./J. 220/12
Bengal D./J. 196.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Sept. 1.

September	182.00
December	189.50
March	195.90

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, Sept. 1.

43 Nanalal Manilal Degam 217
90 Kotak & Co., Jambusar 238½
87 Kotak & Co. Nagar 219
73 H. Nenshi Botad 204 1/4
100 Viram Ladha Broach 236
200 Japan T & Co. Broach 5 off
101 Japan T & Co. Wun 238
56 Currimbhai Khamgaon old 209 1/2
93 B. Mavji Botad 203
100 Nisho and Co. Porbundar 211.

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.
Bombay, Sept. 1.

	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good.
M.G. Bengal				
U. P. & M. G.				
Rajputana	218	214	210	206
M.G. Panjab	216	212	208	204
M.G. Oomra No. 3	235	231	227	...
M.G. Oomra No. 1	242	238	234	...
M.G. Oomra No. 2	238	234	230	...
M.G. Broach No. 2	241	238	234	230
M.G. Punjab-American	251	248	249	240
M.G. Rajpipla	289	286	282	278
M.G. Rajpipla	280	286	282	278

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Sept. 1.

Bengal Superfine	217
Bengal Fine	214
Bengal F.G.	209
Sindh-Punjab Fine	214
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	209
Wardha-Hingt Fine	232
Nagpur Savner Fine	232
Yeotmal Fine	229
Arvi Fine	229
Ellichpur Fine	229
Amraoti Fine	227
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	227
Mulkapur Fine	222
Khandesh Fine	222
Muthia F.G.	212
Jalna-Sailu F.G.	219
Burwah Sanavad F.G.	229
Ujjain-Shujaulpur F.G.	229
Broach F.G.	234
Punjab-American	239
Punjab-American mix	232
Cambodia	277
Miraj-Sangli	234
Compta Good	244
Bagalkot	220
Jinja	324
Busoga	334
Kampala	342

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Sept. 1.

	1932-33	1931-32.
F. P. Bales		
Receipts to date 31-8-32	209000	226000
Receipts Yesterday 31-8-32	22000	11000
Exports to date 31-8-32	438000	250300
Stock at Ports 29-8-32	3351000	2761000
Stock Interior Towns 26-8-32	1269000	731000
Stock Liverpool 26-8-32	787000	896000
Visible Supply 26-8-32	6470000	4863000
Quantity in Sight 26-8-32	372000	273300
Quantity out of Sight 26-8-32	705000	636000

COTTON STRADDLES

—:o:—

Approximate Differences

New York—Liverpool:—October 416: January 391: March 384.

Bombay — Liverpool:— Broach A. May (247)—Liverpool May (6.26) Rs. 28-1|4: at Exchange 1/6

Bombay—New York—Broach A. May (247)—New York May (8.33) Rs. 26 at 3.47 Cross Rate.

"CALCHEMICO" SPECIALITIES

Margo Soap
Antiseptic Shaving Stick
Carbolic Soaps 5 p. c. and 10 p. c.
etc.

Neem Tooth Paste
Neem Dental Powder
Perfumed Hair Oils:-
(Castor, Cocoanut and Sesame)
etc. etc.

Many Have Tried. Others Requested To Try.
THE CALCUTTA CHEMICAL CO., LTD.
Bombay Branch & Show Room } DEVAKARAN MANSIONS. Princess Street, Bombay, 2.
(Note Change of Address)
Factory & Head Office: BALLYGUNGE, CALCUTTA.

NEW YORK SUGAR MARKET

—:o:—

New York, September 1.
September liquidation. Tenders. issued.

September	1.09;
December	1.14;
March	1.10.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET
LONDON, August 31

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 uality) Spot	8.3/4

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, Aug. 31.

Cottonseed Bombay Hull ton—No offers.
Castorseed Bombay Hull ton. Buyers £12:6:3 Sep/Oct.
Rapeseed Torio, Hull/Continent-Paid £11:5:0 Sep/Oct.

LINSEED.
London, Aug. 31.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton—Sellers £10:17:6 Sep/Oct.
Linseed La Plata C.I.F. Hull ton—Paid £8-1/4 Sept.
Linseed Bombay (London) ton—Paid £11:7:6 Sep/Oct.

LINSEED OIL.
London, Aug. 31

Linseed Oil naked London cwt—Paid 15/10½ Sep/Dec.
Linseed Oil naked London cwt—Paid 16/10½ Jan/Apl.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.
New York, Aug. 31.

Demand Bills 3.47

LONDON SILVER.
London, August 31.

Silver.—Market is quiet.

Spot	18-7|16
Forward	18-1|2

LOANS.
London, August 31.

Interest Day to Day Loan 3|4 p.c
Interest 7 Days' Market Loan 3|4 per cent.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, August 31.

Bank Bills 3 months 1-39|64 p.c.
Banks Bills 6 months 1-53|64 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 2-3|4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, August 31.
Liverpool, August 31.

T.T. London on Berlin 14.58.
T T London on Amsterdam 8 62-1|4.
T.T. London on Brussels 25.01
T.T.London on Madrid 43.09.
T.T. London on Milan 67.62.
T.T. London on Bernie 17.90.
T.T. London on Paris 88.46.
T.T. London on Paris 88.46.
T.T. London on Prague 117.25.
T.T. London on New York Closing Rate) 3.47-1|4.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Bombay. Sept. 1.
Since 1st September.

	Yesterday	This year.
In full-pressed Bales.—		
Khandesh	1,031	121,806
Central India	612	118,793
Barsi and Nagar	929	80,711
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	22,434
Berar	2,970	250,475
Central Provinces	344	75,094
Total Oomras	5,886	669,318
Dholera	3,910	250,430
N.-W. Provinces	...	26,970
Rajputana	433	56,570
Sind-Punjab	72	140,672
Broach	118	250,317
Coompta & Dharwar	1,704	86,693
Westerns-Northerns	3,462	48,536
Cocolnada	...	10
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	...	16,851
Persian	...	2,951
American	...	280,838
Egyptian & African	1,618	253204
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	...	322
Total	17,203	2,094,632

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
In full-pressed Bales.—
1st Sept. to 25th August.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	83	151,073
Japan & China	7,598	757,338
Coast Ports	...	37,990
Up-country by Rail	...	198,810
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	7,194
Total	7,681	1,152,305

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Aug. 31.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed Spot,—
Sellers 2-31/32.

Bombay Share Bazar Closed

Bombay, Sept. 1.

The local Share Bazar and Securities market remained closed to-day on account of a Jain Holiday, Mahavir Jayanti.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay. Sept. 1.

	Bales.
Khandeish	1,031
Central India	612
Barsi-Nugger	929
Berar	2,970
Central Provinces	344
Dhollera	3,910
Rajputana	433
Sind-Punjab	72
Broach	118
Compta-Dharwar	1,704
Westerns-Northerns	3,462
Egyptians	56
East Africans	1,502
	Cwts.
Wheat	9,996
Linseed	2,713
Rape. Rai and Mustard seeds	474
Gingellyseed	34
Poppyseed	16
Groundnuts	3,776
Castorseed	3,146
Rice	67,276
Myrabollams	3,924
Cottonseed	6,308
Mowrased	668
Gram	2,968
Joowar	756
Bajree	6,596
	Tons.
Coal	386

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.
EX. GODOWN, BOMBAY.
Bombay, Sept. 1.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 400 per ton.
Filtered Cocoanut Oil Per Case of 84 lbs Rs. 22 per case.
Filtered Til Seed Oil Per Case of 84 lbs. Rs. 18/8.
Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 105 per ton.

KURLA MEAT FOR BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The report of the markets and gardens committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation regarding the question of requesting the Kurla Municipality not to slaughter cows and buffaloes beyond such number as is required for food for its town and of discontinuating the Bombay Municipal slaughter.

ter House, at Kurla, states that no useful purpose would be served by making any representation to the Kurla Municipality not to slaughter cows and buffaloes beyond such number as is required for food for its town.

As regards the question of continuing the arrangement made with the Kurla Municipality for the maintenance of another slaughter house for the Bombay Municipality and of removing the restrictions imposed upon the Bandra meat sellers, the Committee recommend that the arrangement be continued for a further period of five years.

Bombay City Rainfall

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m of date 1/9/32 at Colaba Point, Fort and J.J. Hospital Nil.

Total Since 1st June. ffto date at Colaba point 52.88 inches; at Fort 59.91 inches and at J.J. Hospital 56.38 inches.

Total for the corresponding period of 1930 at Colaba Point 43.69 inches; at Fort 50.17 inches; and at J.J. Hospital 47.56 inches

Total for the corresponding period of 1931 at Colaba Point 77.35 inches; at Fort 85.19 inches and at J.J. Hospital 78.70 inches.

COLABA OBSERVATORY
BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Obsefvations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. 1/9/1932.

Change of 8 a.m barometer in past 24 hours, —.009 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m 83.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m 79.8 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.3 degrees 5.2 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.2 degrees (3.6 above normal).

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JUPITER GENERAL
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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1932

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim setting agents throughout the world
J8

DAWA BAZAR PICKETS JAILED

JAIPRAKASH BROUGHT TO BOMBAY FOR TRIAL

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Three Congress volunteers arrested this morning while picketing a chemist's shop in Dawa Bazar (Drug Market) were charged before Sir H.P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, for preventing customers from entering the shop.

All the accused pleaded guilty to the charge and admitted that they were present at the shop to prevent customers from entering into the shop.

The Magistrate convicted all the accused and sentenced them to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 each or in default six weeks' further imprisonment.

Arrests At Dawa Bazar

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Two Congress volunteers were arrested while picketing Chemist shops at Dawa Bazar, Princess Street, this morning.

NEVER SOLD A COPY

Defence In 'Bulletin' Case

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Damodar Vishnu Joshi was charged, this morning, before Sir H. P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, for distributing an unauthorised news-sheets, namely "Congress Bulletins."

The accused was arrested on August 29 in Bazar Gate by a constable in plain clothes attached to the Esplanade Police Station.

Mr. R. P. Thanavala appeared for the prosecution, while the accused was defended by Mr. Sargon.

The constable who arrested the accused stated that he had information that there were certain shops in Bazar Gate Street, where copies of the "Congress Bulletin" were delivered every day by certain persons.

On August 29, witness was standing at a distance of 50 feet from a milk shop. He saw the accused going to the shop with a newspaper in his hand. He took out copies of "Congress Bulletin" from the newspaper, threw them at the shopkeeper and took some money from him and walked away. Witness followed the accused and arrested him. A sum of Rs. 9-7-6 was found on his person.

ACCUSED'S DENIAL.

Cross-examined by the defence counsel, witness said that he was given the description of a man and was keeping a watch on the locality. The accused fully answered that description. He arrested him at some distance from the milk shop.

Nathalal Yoovan, an employee in the milk-shop, stated that he bought a copy of the "Congress Bulletin" from the accused.

The accused denied that he had any copies of the "Congress Bulletin" with him. He never sold one to anybody. He added: "I am not taking any part in Congress work. I am a poor man working whole day from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. just to get enough to fill my belly."

As the accused wanted to call a defence witness further hearing was adjourned till Saturday.

SELLING UNAUTHORISED NEWS-SHEETS

Schoolboy Gets Four Months' R. I.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A schoolboy aged 17 was arrested yesterday by the Lamington Road police while selling "Congress Bulletins" on Thakurdwar Road. He was charged to-day before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court with selling unauthorised news-sheets. The magistrate found the accused guilty and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

FRANCE FOLLOWS BRITISH EXAMPLE

Huge Loan Conversion Scheme

PARIS, Aug. 31.

In addition to the German note, to-morrow's Cabinet will also discuss the French Loan Conversion Scheme, which is expected to apply to about a hundred milliard francs rentes bearing five to seven per cent. interest. The new rate will probably be four and one half per cent, a saving of 1,200,000,000 francs yearly. It will be necessary to summon the special session of Parliamtnt for the purpose of "voting", scheme which is expected to be introduced early in October.—Reuter.

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES STRENGTHEN

LONDON, August 31.

The official notification of repayment of the 4-1/2 per cent War Loan and Treasury Bonds December 1 further strengthened gilt-edged securities, but most of the other sections on the Stock Exchange were quieter and irregular.

Commodity markets also quietened down and price movements all round were somewhat erratic.

In Wall Street, after considerable selling support was resumed and prices quickly recovered.—Reuter.

EIGHTY MILLION DEFICIT

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Treasury returns for the past week showed that the total of ordinary expenditure for the financial year upto date amounts to £102,886,959 and the ordinary revenue to £22,560,621.

There was a deficit of £80,326,338 compared with the deficit, one year ago of £82,146,423.

The returns show that receipts from Customs and Excise up-to-date yielded £11,634,600—an increase on the previous year of +18,034,000.—B. O. W.

THOMAS TO VISIT DUBLIN

Renewal Of Peace Parleys?

LONDON, Sept. 1.

It is understood that Mr. de Valera has decided to attend the meetings of the Council of Nations at Geneva in September. He probably will be elected chairman. It is rumoured that Mr. Thomas will visit Dublin soon.—Reuter.

LOWER YIELD ON P. O. SECURITIES

SIMLA, Aug. 31.

In view of the recent fall in money rates the Government of India have issued a notification further to revise the dates for the issue of post Office cash certificates.

According to this decision, which comes into effect on or after September 1, to the yield on these certificates can now be reduced without endangering the popularity of this form of investment Government have also decided that holders of cash certificates which mature, that is complete the five-year period on or after September 1 and before the date from which the present rates may again be revised, should be allowed at their opinion to hold for them a furtrer period of five years after maturity, earning interest thereon at the rate of two annas on a cash certificate of the minimum demonstration of Rs. 10 for every completed three months after maturity, with an additional bonus of eight annas on the completion of the full period of five years.

The issue price of cash certificate of the face value of Rs. 1,000 has been fixed at Rs. 775 and corresponding rates for the lower denomination.—A. P.

LADY WILLINGDON IN NEW DELHI.

NEW DELHI, September 1.

Lady Willingdon arrived here from Simla this morning.—A.P.

NAVAL WAR EXPRESS

ITALY BUILDS 36 KNOTS-PER-HOUR BOAT

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Genoa.—One of the speediest fighting ships afloat, the Italian 10,000, ton cruiser "Bolzano," has been launched.

The vessel is capable of achieving a speed of just under 36 knots per hour and four groups of steam turbines develop 150,000 H.-P. The "Bolzano," which is a modification of the "Trento" type, was laid down in 1929 and is the third unit of the class. Her chief modification lies in the sacrifice of her superstructure protection to speed.

Her overall length is 627 feet, her armament consists of eight 203.5 millimetre guns and eight 100.47 millimetre guns; eighteen quick-firerers and four double torpedo tubes.—Reuter.

BOMBAY MILLOWNERS' "MISCHIEF"

British Tory Suspicions

LONDON, Sept. 1.

In a leading article on the decision to increase the import duty on non-British cotton goods coming into India, the "Morning Post" notes that the measure is temporary and attaches significance to the Government of India's ride that they have, in no way, prejudged the question whether the Indian cotton industry satisfies the conditions required to qualify it for the grant of substantive protection.

The ptper says that it is not known what, if any, substance may be in this warning, but it is notcrious that the Congress is financed and directed by the India cotton millowners, whose policy to drive out British trade completely out of India.

Britain has the right and power to revoke the grant of fiscal autonomy to India, if it is being used to cause her mischief or injury to the Indian people.—Reuter.

NOVEL PROTEST AGAINST OLD CUSTOMS

Hyderabad (Deccan) Sep. 1.

Sahebzada, Prince Mozzam Jah, son of the Nizam is proceeding to Europe accompanied by his wife on September 8 by the s.s "Victoria." It is expected that the Prince will be away for three months.—A. P.

JALNA HUNGER-STRIKE

HYDERABAD, Sept. 1.

News has been received from Jalna that the hunger strike resorted to by Gulabchand Agairwala, a few days back presumably against the performance of the Osar ceremony the orthodox Marwari style after the death of his grandfather has ended. His parents and members of the punch have agreed not to perform the Osar ceremony.—A.P.

HINDU MAHASABHA

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 31.

The Rajputana Provincial Hindu Sabha has unanimously recommended Mr Jayakar for the presidentship of Delhi session of the Hindu Mahasabha.—A. P.

Telegraph Wires Cut

CAWNPORE, September 1.

It is reported that railway telegraph wires were cut between Karbigwan and Aung Station on the E. I. Railway resulting in extreme delay of the Allahabad Passenger and Howrah-Seldah Express.—A.P.

BANK RATE

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper remains unchanged at 4 per cent.—A.P.

"STRONG" AT HELM

Ceylon Reforms As Officials See Them

LONDON, Aug. 31.

It is considered in well-informed circles in London that three out of the seven committees formed under the Ceylon Constitution are working satisfactorily namely, the Home, Land and Communications Committees. It is considered that the Minister of the Home Department and the Minister of Agriculture have handled their departments with firmness and ability and it is felt that with strong men at the head of each department the committee system should in time run smoothly, although criticism can easily be made at the initial stages of a great reform.

Opinion in well-informed circles is that there has undoubtedly been considerable obstruction but it is hoped that liberal working of the constitution will emerge.—Reuter.

2000 PROFESSORS ATTEND SCIENCE CONGRESS

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Two-thousand professors from all parts of the world are assembled at York for the 101st meeting of the British Association for the advancement of Science, which opens this evening with an address on "Scientific Engineering" by Sir Alfred Ewing, who is aged 77 and who attended his first meeting of Association 65 years ago.

Sir Alfred Ewing achieved fame during war time when in charge of the mysterious Room 40 at the Admiralty, where enemy messages were decoded. He had the reputation of never being baffled by the most intricate code.

A large number of scientists departed for York this morning. One traditionally absentminded professor entered the Flying Scotsman, whose first stop is Edinburgh.—Reuter.

ECLIPSE ECLIPSED BY CLOUDS

U. S. Scientists Disappointed

LONDON, Aug. 31.

New York.—Business throughout the city was virtually suspended at tea time during an eclipse of the sun.

Workers, gathered on roofs and windows, saw a ninety-five per cent. eclipse in an almost cloudless sky.

On the contrary scientists assembled at Conway, in New Hamphire, were disappointed owing to dark clouds obscuring the phenomenon. Only a thin rim of light from the corona was visible.

British observers assembled at Magog, Quebec, were similarly disappointed as clouds destroyed all chances of observation of the totality of the eclipse.—Reuter.

NEW KASHMIR CABINET

SRINAGAR, Sept. 1.

With the arrival of Mr. V.N. Mehta, I.C.S., the Ministry of the Kashmir Government is now complete with Col. Colvin as Prime Minister and two Mahomedan and two Hindu Ministers.

Mr. Mehta has taken charge of the important portfolio of revenue. Mr. Jardine I.C.S. becomes special minister instead of finance minister and remains vice-president of the franchise committee.

Mr. Wupahat Hussein I.C.S. will be home minister, which appointment includes amongst others public works, education and medical services.

Col. Nawab Khusru Jung remains as minister in waiting and the Chief Justice, Sir Baja Dalal, completes the Cabinet.—A

EARL'S HONEYMOON

CALGARY, August 31.

It is revealed today that the eighteen year old Earl of Egmont son of the "Rancher Earl" recently married his cousin, Miss Ann Geraldine Moodie, and that they are spending their honeymoon in British Columbia.

IMPERIAL REVENUES TOWARDS MILITARY EXPENDITURE?

How To Meet Training Expenses Of British Army In India

TRIBUNAL TO MEET IN LONDON AND REPORT TO PREMIER

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

The following communique is issued:—

As already announced in Parliament, His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom, in agreement with the Government of India, have decided to set up a Tribunal with the following terms of reference:—

(1) To consider and report whether there should continue to be contributions by India towards recruiting and training expenses at home of the British Army in India, and to report the basis on which contributions, if continued, should be calculated.

FROM IMPERIAL REVENUES.

(2) To examine India's claim that a contribution should be made from Imperial revenues towards military expenditure from Indian revenues and to report the basis on which any contribution should be assessed.

(3) To examine the War Office claim that India should pay a direct contribution towards the cost of regular and supplementary reserves and to report the basis on which any contribution approved should be assessed.

(4) To consider whether the sea transport contribution paid by the War Office to India should be continued or modified after the 31st March, 1932.

(5) To examine and report "mutatis mutandis" on such of the questions raised in the preceding paragraphs as are relevant to the contribution at present paid from Indian revenues in respect of the Royal Air Force personnel in India.

SIR R. GARRAN AS CHAIRMAN.

Sir Robert Garran, late Solicitor-General to the Commonwealth of Australia, will act as Chairman of the Tribunal. Associated with him will be Lord Tomlin and Lord Dunedin, nominated by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom, and Sir Shadi Lal and Sir Muhammad Sulaiman, nominated by the Government of India.

The proceedings of the Tribunal will be confidential and its report, which is to be made to the Prime Minister, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, will be advisory. Its recommendations will therefore not be binding on either Government.

Arrangements are being made for the Tribunal to assemble in London early in November.—A.P.

SIKHS IN WAR COUNCIL

Non-Co-operation All Along The Line

LAHORE, Aug. 31.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously by the Sikh Council of Action this evening.—

That the Sikh Council of Action appreciates the action of Sardar Ujjal Singh and Sardar Sampuran Singh in resigning from the Consultative Committee and the Round Table Conference as a protest against the unjust communal decision of the British Government.

Whereas the communal decision of the British Government is opposed to all notions of democracy and representative government and does monstrous injustice to the claims of the Sikh community, and whereas the Sikh community is not prepared to accept or work a constitution based on such an unjust decision, it is hereby resolved that no Sikh should participate in the Round Table Conference or any committee set up for constitution-making.

Resolved that the Sikh Council of Action is of the opinion that the introduction of provincial autonomy in the Punjab should be held in abeyance till a communal agreement is reached, as otherwise serious complications are likely to arise.

PRESTIGE AND HONOUR.

The Sikh Council of Action is definitely of the opinion that in the face of the treatment meted out to the Sikh community by the Prime Minister's communal decision it has become imperative in order to maintain the traditional self-respect, prestige and honour of Sikhism, that the Sikh elected members of Indian and Punjab Legislatures should tender the resignations of their seats as a measure of constitutional protest and should seek re-election in their constituencies to demonstrate that in resigning their seats they fully represented the opinions of the constituencies. The Sikh Council of Action and Panth shall consider it their duty to support their candidature against any opponent who may stand to oppose them.—A. P.

AZAMGARH RAID

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 31.

Police raided half a dozen places at Azamgarh yesterday morning, and some Congress bulletins and leaflets are reported to have been recovered. Jodh Rama, manager of the Khaddar Bhandar, has been arrested.—A. P.

FESTIVAL PARTY IN ACCIDENT

Barge Heels Over In River

RANGOON, August 31.

The "Rangoon Times" reports the escape from drowning of several officials at boat races in connection with the Burmese Nat (Spirit) Festival at Amarapura, when a reception barge carrying guests sank in the river.

A decorated barge with guests and a music party, soon after leaving the bank, began to list, but as the passengers rushed to the other side, the barge heeled over to that side and began to sink.

All were thrown into the water, but the barge sank to its own depth and rested on the bottom. All made their way safely to the waiting sampans.

The guests included Mr. Justice Otter, Commissioner and Mrs. Craw, Major Ewing, Deputy Commissioner, Colonel, Mrs. and Miss Brickman.—A.P.

UNLICENSED ARMS

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 31.

An Ajmere message says that Tarachand, a hotel servant, who was found with bombs and some cartridges in his possession, has been sentenced by the district magistrate under the Explosives Act to six months and one year's rigorous imprisonment on two charges respectively.—A. P.

SPEARED TO DEATH

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 31.

An unconfirmed report from Kaimgunge District Farrukabad, says that a band of hooligans are reported to have entered the shop of a Khaddar cloth merchant and asked for a free supply of cloth. On his refusal, one of the men in the shop was speared to death and two other inmates were wounded.—A. P.

Armed Dacoity

CAWNPORE, September 1.

In a village Bondhupore Thana, Maharajpore, an armed dacoity was committed in which guns and revolvers were freely used resulting in the death of one man and injuries to several persons. Some arrests have been made.—A.P.

A Swadeshi Bazar and Exhibition will be held at Khandwa from the 1st October to 10th Oct., 32.

PRESENT PROTECTION NOT ENOUGH

Wanted Protection Against Lanchashire As Well

AHMEDABAD MILL-OWNERS ON COTTON DUTY

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1.

"The views of the Ahmedabad Millowners are entirely different from those of other millowners of India," declared Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, interviewed by the Associated Press regarding the imposition of new import duty. "They firmly believe," he said, "that India is in a position to supply all her requirements in a few years' time, if proper protection is granted against the imports from all foreign countries including Lancashire. The menace to the cotton textile industry from the imports of Lancashire is in no way less than the menace of the Japanese imports into this country, particularly so, when the British Government is at the back of Lancashire and has actually assisted its export trade by reduction in the railway and steamer freights to enable her to compete in foreign markets.

Again, there is a talk of a wage cut in the Lancashire cotton industry which, if brought about will strengthen her competitive power. It is time that the cotton mill management in India wakes up to the situation and recognises that the need for protection against Lancashire is as great, as the need for protection against other countries. Though the recent import duties may assist the industry to some extent, the time has arrived when India should be self-sufficient at least in the matter of her piece-goods requirement, which is her prime industry, and which she is in a position to fulfil if sufficient protection is granted against foreign imports."—A.P.

LATINS' LITTLE TROUBLES

Bolivia Determined To Hold Forts

LONDON, Aug. 31.

The unofficial war between Bolivia and Paraguay is still smouldering, and though there has been a change in the Government of Bolivia, the country's resolve not to surreder the forts captured from Paraguay has not weakened, while Paraguay is equally determined not to enter into negotiations until the forts are restored.

Meanwhile the revolt against the existing regime in Equador was shortlived. The rebels have agreed to the terms of compromise which have been reached with the nomination of a new provisional President. Simultaneously the revolt against the federal Government in the Brazilian State of Sao Paulo is proceeding and the population appears more determined than ever.—Reuter.

MR. V. J. PATEL RETURNS TO LONDON

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Mr. Vithalbhai Patel has returned from Amsterdam. He favourably commented on the success of the Conference and the delegates' interest in India.—Reuter.

AIR RECORD, AND THEN A JUMP

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Etampes.—After breaking the world's air speed record for 500 kilometres with a load of 500 kilograms, the French airman Haeglen, being unable to land owing to a fog, made a parachute jump and landed unhurt. The machine is slightly damaged.

Haeglen's speed was 177.09 miles an hour, compared to the previous figure of 171.49 by the Czech airman Calla but as Haeglen did not land at the starting point the record cannot count officially.—Reuter.

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